WE DON'T
Keep our Goods
KERR & BECC,
45 Government street.

Victoria Daily Times.

CURE THAT COUGH
WITH THE
LONDON
HOSPITAL CURE.

VOL. 15 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1891. NO. 124

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

The Company finding their premises too small to do justice to their other business, have decided to sell their stock of Dry Goods at prices which will insure their speedy sale.

THE BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

GRANTVILLE TOWNSITE

SALT SPRING ISLAND.

$10 PER LOT, HALF CASH.

This property is situated on the north side of the Island, having a sea frontage of ¼ of a mile on Walker's Hook, which is on the main channel called Trincomalie, commanding a fine view of Plumpers Pass, etc. Plies are now being cut to build a large wharf.

As this is the first townsite on the Island and the property is not in the hands of a syndicate it offers a most advantageous opportunity for investment, being the cheapest property ever placed on the market. Size of lots 60x191 (over ¼ of an acre). Good hunting and fishing. Title guaranteed. For maps and particulars apply to

W. H. WALBEY & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers. 10 Broad Street.

J. HOFFMAN

111 GOVERNMENT STREET

Has just received a consignment of Jewelry, Watches and Clocks, to be sold at

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Alarm Clocks, $1.25. 3-oz. case Coin Silver Watches, full jeweled, $10. Gold Filled Watches, Waltham and other movements, from $12, (manufacturer's guarantee 15 years).

A large assortment of Rolled Plate Chains, Brooches, Rings, Earrings, etc., etc., worth from $1.50 to $5, at

500. EVERY ARTICLE.

SEE THE WINDOW.

111 Government St., next door to Delmonico Restaurant.

XMAS 1891

J. P. MATTHEWS & CO.,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

desire to announce that they have a large consignment of Groceries and Provisions and in order to dispose of same before stock taking, **make a Special Reduction for CASH** during the balance of year 1891 as follows:—

Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour, $6.40 per bbl. or $1.65 per sack.
100 tubs of best Creamery Butter, September pack (family size), at 30c.
Fine Island and Bonaparte Potatoes, $1.25 and $1.50 per sack.
7 cans Tomatoes for $1.00.
7 cans Sweet Corn for $1.00.
7 cans Sweet Peas for $1.00.
10 lbs. New Currants, $1.00.
10 lbs. New Valencia Raisins, $1.00.
3 lbs. C. & B. Mixed Peel, $1.00.
16½ lbs. Granulated Sugar, $1.00.
12 lbs. Pearl Sago, $1.00.
12 lbs. Tapioca, $1.00.
18 lbs. Rolled Oats, $1.00.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

J. P. MATTHEWS & CO.

ALL ON TIME.

We will build any style of home you desire, from a neat $1000 cottage to a $10,000 house. No cash required. See our plans.

We have also a fine list of choice property for sale on very easy terms. Lots ranging from $250 upwards in any location.

N.B.—Those intending to build should figure with us, as we defy competition in this line.

YOUNG & BARTLETT.

HEISTERMAN & Co. ESTABLISHED 1864

INSURANCE, FINANCIAL &

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

VICTORIA, B. C.

CITY PROPERTY, FARM LANDS ON V. I. & MAINLAND

MONEY TO LOAN. CONVEYANCING & NOTARIES PUBLIC

GENERAL AGENTS, BRITISH COLUMBIA

MUTUAL LIFE INS COMPANY of N.Y.

EARTHQUAKES IN JAPAN.

GREAT DESTRUCTION OF LIFE AND PROPERTY.

Houses Toppled Over Like Piles of Cards —People Left Homeless in the Streets —Scenes of Suffering and Hardship— Towns Left in Ruins.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—The China mail gives the following further particulars of the destruction by the earthquake at Gifee, Japan:—

A temporary hospital was established by the authorides, with a branch at the police station, while the town officials started two cooking places and rice is being given to the sufferers rendered homeless.

About 8 o'clock on the 28th fire broke out in four places simultaneously. One was got under control almost immediately, but the others gradually spread until at 2 o'clock the wind rose and the flames gained in furg and destroyed 70 per cent. of the town. The fire was subdued only with great difficulty about noon next day. The reason the fired raged so long was probably because comparatively few people were engaged in its extinguishment. At any other time the whole town would have turned in and stopped its course, but as it was more than half the people were broken-hearted over the loss of their homes or engaged in the mournful duty of searching for their loved ones and in assisting the wounded. The authorities promptly turned all prisoners out to assist in putting out the fire.

A correspondent at Osaka writes:—At about 11 minutes to 7 we were startled by a severe shock of earthquake, which unhappily has proved fatal to many people. The oscillation was very acute, and lasted, as nearly as I can imagine, from 2 to 2½ minuses. The panic was great amongst the people, who mostly ran into the streets.

The greatest calamity was the collapsing of the Naniwa cotton mill, which was partially crushed down to ground floor, except the engine room, causing about 23 deaths and about 40 workmen severely wounded. Ten more persons are missing, and they are probably entombed. Nearly all the preparrtory machinery, and almost half of the spinning frames and reeling frames, newly set up, were destroyed. It seems that the beams of the mill slipped by the vibration on the top floor, and by their weight the two lower floors were crushed. The loss to the company is enormous.

A correspondent at Kobe of the Herald writes: We took train on the evening of the 30th ult. to Tarui, which was as far as we could go by railway, and found that this place had suffered comparatively little. There were some cracks in the houses and tiles in the road, and a few miserable shanties had collapsed on the outskirts of the town. Leaving Tarui, the first serious traces of the terrible calamity met our view 11½ miles further on, at Ayada, this place presenting a pitiable appearance. The village temple was in ruins, only one or two houses being left standing. Across the bridge were large cracks on the road, which became worse as we progressed. At Shinsasta Mura, formerly Shiada, nearly all the houses were down and the streets quite impassable for vehicles. We had to toil over the debris of houses where all was unutterable confusion. Two temples were in ruins, and from enquiries found that four people had been killed, and in an adjoining village about twenty. This sight of utter desolation met our gaze to the bridge over the Shiada Gawa, where our gi ricksha could not further progress, so our men shouldered our luggage. The sight from the Shiada Gawa bridge was awful and heartrending. The bridge itself was half gone, and on each bank of the river were ruined houses, with their late occupants camping out under mosquito nets, old matting which had been dragged out from the fallen houses, huts improvised from pieces of boards and in fact anything which would afford in any way the merest shelter. In the bamboo groves near several families had taken refuge and by putting up a few boards formed some kind of arbor laced with trees, in which they could rest during the still terrible times. With feelings of unutterable sadness we tramped on to Wakimori Mura and found there another terrible sight. The village was destroyed, the the thatch roofed houses having all fallen. Fortunately, however, the roofs held together and fell intact upon the ruins of their former supports. The people had cut holes in the thatch and made their way to the hollow space within the gabled part and were fairly well sheltered. The road here was totally impassable, being cracked in every direction, and as one viewed the scene of desolation it seemed as if the place had been bombarded by modern artillery. As we made our way to Ogaki, we experienced a repetition of the same painful scenes. Everywhere destruction, everywhere homeless people, who, however, were bearing up against their terrible misfortunes with a courage that stamped them a brave and hardy race. Arrived at Ogaki, we followed the main street, which ran parallel with the small river, which was literally choked with the debris of the destroyed houses. Wherever the eye travelled nearly all was a wreck, and the few houses standing, and to all appearance sound when seen from a distance, on a nearer approach were found to be twisted and warped out of their regular form and the insides completely denuded of ceiling, shogi floors, etc. The temples are in ruins and the whole place is simply an abode of desolation. In the Kuruma Cho a new school building had been erected, and this stood the shocks splendidly. It was in fact quite uninjured, and was utilized as a temporary hospital for the sick and wounded that were being brought in every few minutes. There they lay, and the sight was sad indeed. In the courtyard many lay on stretchers, and their numbers while we waited were considerably augmented by additions from the outlying districts. Six doctors were in attendance, and one medical gentleman told me they had already attended to over 600 people, also that those killed numbered about 1000, but that no correct estimate was possible up to the present. The loss of crockery in Aichi and Mini, the well-known centres of the porcelain manufacturers, had been tremendous. The furnaces have nearly all been destroyed. It is expected, therefore, that a great rise in the price of porcelain will ensue, as furnaces will not be completed before the end of the year, and the pottery in stock is consequently greatly in demand. This disaster will very seriously affect the porcelain trade for many months.

FRANKLIN K. LANE

The Tacoma Man Who Wants the Democratic Convention Held There.

The portrait is of Franklin K. Kane, a representative man of Tacoma, the ruling city of Puget Sound. He is working like a beaver to procure from the Democratic National Committee the promise that the next National Convention of the party shall be held in the city which boasts the finest harbor on the Pacific coast and is the young giant of American towns.

The inducements offered by its enterprising citizens are of the most liberal character. They are willing to bear the total expense of four sumptuous trains for the conveyance of delegates, one to start from Portland, Me., another from New York, one from Washington and another from a point in Florida. Delegates would be picked up all the way along, but arrangements would be so perfected as to insure that nobody would have to stay on his train longer than four days. Mr. Lane, as the originator and promoter of this grand scheme of travel, is notable among the supremely energetic Americans of the day. Tacoma guarantees more than sufficient accommodation for all delegates and other visitors to the convention. Her great million and a half dollar hotel will be ready for the reception of guests before the date of the convention, and her hospitality extends to the offer to pay all hotel bills incurred by people having business there. The city boasts a hall large enough for a meeting of 10,000 persons, and offers to place a certified check for $20,000 with the Democratic National Committee as a guarantee of good faith. The facts cited speak eloquently of the enormous development and prosperity of the new commonwealth of Washington.

Mr. Lane, who may be described as the personification of the youth and splendid energy of that State, is only 27 years old. He is a newspaper man who received his professional training in New York city. An accomplished writer, he is also a political orator of mark, and is known widely as the "Grady of the West."

Russia and China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—Among the passengers on the steamer China was Victor Schmidt of Austria. He is on his way homeward, after a trip around the world, his journey being taken in the interests of agriculture. Schmidt's mission is unofficial, but he has letters from the Austrian Government to officials in this and other countries. When in Austria he said the people desired him to recommend that country for Austrian emigration. "The trouble is" he added, "that my countrymen who care to emigrate are all poor, and the Austrians or any other people do not desire poorer classes as colonists." The most interesting news from the Orient was the report which reached them just before sailing from Yokohama, that a body of Russian troops had crossed into China by way of Siberia. The trouble relates to disputed boundaries and the general impression is that the Chinese will be forced to make a number of territorial concessions to Russia. In spite of her immense population, China's army has no terror for any European power, Russia of all countries having a special contempt for Chinese soldiery. Russia's move is more for the purpose of striking awe to the hearts of Chinamen than any expectation of gaining her demands. The Russians seem ready for business, however, if necessary Just at this time it is doubtful if other European countries will interfere, or if they do their influence would be directed against China. For some time there has been talk of a general European alliance to bring the Mongolians to terms and to force reparation for the lives and property of foreign residents which were sacrificed by the Chinese mobs. England will be in a quandary, as it has been supposed for some time that Russia had her eye fixed covetously on Northern India. To oppose China now will be to help her old enemy, while the English Government is with reason very distrustful regarding the attitude of China.

Lord Lytton Dead.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Right Hon. Edward Robert Bulwer Lytton, G.C.B., British Ambassador to France, died in this city to-day. Lord Lytton was well known both as diplomatist and author. He produced many literary works, chiefly in the poetical line, over the *nom de plume* of Owen Meredith.

Linen Crumb cloths at Weiler Bros

THE COURT OF ASSIZE.

THE JURY FIND MASTER MUSGRAVE NOT GUILTY.

Mr. Spencer and Three Boys the Only Witnesses Called—The Attorney-General Does Not Sum Up the Case for the Prosecution.

The case of Madame Boutonne, charged with larceny, occupied the attention of the court of assize all day yesterday, the jury not retiring until after 4 o'clock. The defence did not call any witnesses, so nothing new was brought out. Mr. Mills asked his Lordship to charge the jury according to the remarks of Justice Blackburn about larceny. His Lordship refused to quote the remarks, as the law answers the question.

The jury returned a few minutes after retiring with a verdict of guilty. His Lordship reserved his decision.

REGINA VS. MORRIS AND CARMICHAEL.

The case of Reg. vs Jno. Morris and Alex. Carmichael, charged with larceny and obtaining stolen goods, was called at 4:30. Mr. D. M. Eberts appeared for the defence and Mr. M. Smith for the crown. The jury was Jno. Goldson, Jas. Calwell, A. Carmichael, D. McCartney, Jas. Crimp, J. M. Hughes, R. Sellick, A. E. Cleveland, A. Elliott, S. Norman, Jno. Earsman and Thos. Fletcher.

Jacob Ross, the prosecutor, deposed that he had $35 one evening, part of which he spent in clothing. He also spent money in treating, but did not know how much he spent. When he woke up the next morning he was in the lockup minus his boots, hat, handkerchief and all his money.

To Mr. Eberts.—Lost my memory about 11 o'clock. Don't know the prisoners. Did not see them the night he lost his property.

Chas. Ohlsen saw the prisoners on the evening of 17th September on Johnson street. He looked out of his window, saw a man on the sidewalk and two men leaning over him. The two men were the prisoners. He saw that they were putting their hands in his pockets. Saw Morris taking a white pocket handkerchief out of the man's pocket. He could hear the jingling of silver and saw the prisoners exchanging money after they had left the man. The men came into the barroom where he (witness) was, and he then recognized them as the men he had seen on the street.

When Mr. Eberts undertook to cross-examine the witness he tackled a man that besides being a good debater had a splendid memory, and not a word of his evidence could the solicitor shake.

Did you have any drinks on the night in question, asked Mr. Eberts.

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Eberts—How many did you have, five?

Witness—Might have had.

Mr. Eberts—Ten?

Witness—Don't know.

Mr. Eberts—Fifteen?

Witness—Can't say.

Mr. Eberts—Twenty?

Witness—Well, hardly.

Other arguments like the above took place between the solicitor and witness to the pleasure of those present.

One witness was examined for the defence, after which the jury retired for a few minutes and returned with a verdict of "not guilty."

The applause which followed this was stopped immediately by his Lordship simply remarking, "gentlemen!"

At half past five the grand jury brought in true bills against John Day for receiving stolen goods and for larceny; Sako, larceny; Carey, larceny; Capt. Bill, attempt to rescue prisoner; Wilson and Lee, sodomy; Ross, larceny; Keene, attempted rape; Burke, larceny. There were no bills found against Robinson for cattle killing and stealing; Beekman, larceny, and Fox, attempted murder.

REGINA VS. MUSGRAVE.

The spectators and jurors were kept waiting nearly twenty minutes at the Supreme Court this morning before the Chief Justice took his seat on the bench to proceed with the case of Regina vs. Musgrave, charged with arson. The Attorney-General appeared for the Crown and Mr. E. V. Bodwell and Mr. Lindley Crease for the defence. The jury was as follows: John Earsman (foreman), Robt. Sellick, H. J. Martin, H. Dorethy, D. McCarthy, L. Stemler, A. C. Edwards, A. Neil, J. G. Wood, Geo. A. Richardson, J. J. Auld and J. M. Hughes. The court was crowded with spectators, but as soon as the case opened everybody was as quiet as could be.

The Attorney-General in opening the case said:—The prisoner, a lad of tender years, viz. 13, is indicted for having set fire to the shop of Mr. David Spencer. The fire occured about noon on the 9th of October. The evidence against the prisoner was almost entirely derived from the statement of the prisoner himself. The day before the fire the prisoner told a school-mate that he was going to set a fire and he showed him the coal oil. The day after the fire the prisoner told two other schoolmates that he had set the fire, as he wanted to get off from his algebra. No doubt from the evidence to be adduced, the fire was set by Musgrave, but you will have a difficulty in consequence of the age of the prisoner. The law presumes that between the ages of 7 and 14 years a child is incapable of evil intent. It is incumbent on the prosecution to rebut this supposition. As far as the depositions are concerned the evidence is rather weak on this point. He then instructed the jury as to statements in papers, telling them if they had read them to dismiss them from their minds.

David Spencer was called and gave particulars of the fire, and deposed to the ownership of the property.

Cyrell Ward, a fellow pupil, deposed that the prisoner told him he was going to set a fire in the bath rooms. He saw a bottle that had contained coal oil in the bath room. He didn't know who put it there.

The Chief Justice—Remember, gentlemen, there is no evidence as to who put the bottle there.

Master Gillespie gave evidence to the effect that Musgrave told him that he had thrown coal oil on some coal and then set fire to it.

This closed the case for the prosecution, and the Attorney-General not having anything to say, Mr. Bodwell opened the case for the defence without calling any witnesses. He said there was nothing to go to the jury, as the boy was within the age of criminal incapacity. The indictment alleges that the fine took place on ½ of lot 179, but no evidence is given to show that a fire actually took place on that particular lot.

The Chief Justice could not say that there was no evidence to go to the jury as to the capability of the boy to know what he was about.

Mr. Bodwell, continuing, said that up to the present the defence had taken very little part in the proceedings, as it appeared to him that their case would appear more forcible if ingenious means of obtaining evidence, out of the young witnesses were taken advantage of. The evidence of the prosecution failed in more than one point. In civil cases a probability was sufficient for a verdict, but it was different in criminal cases. In the latter there must be overwhelming evidence of guilt. The prosecution must convince the jury that a crime has been committed and that the person indicted has committed it. In this case the prosecution has failed to do this. There cannot be a crime without a criminal intent. The defendant must have judgment as to the difference between right and wrong. If a boy set fire to a lot of combustible material near a building and the fire spread and burned the building it would be no crime. There was not a bit of evidence to show that the boy had any idea of malice.

Mr. Bodwell spoke at some length and was followed by the Chief Justice, who instructed the jury on points of law.

After being out for a few minutes the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty." The court then adjourned for an hour and a half.

THE GRAND JURY.

On the court re-assembling at 1:30 this afternoon the grand jury appeared and complained that they had been unable to obtain a necessary witness. It was explained why the witness did not appear. Two grand jurors were excused from further attendance, and the grand jury retired to deal with the rest of the bills in their possession. After they have decided upon them they will adjourn until Friday morning.

About 2:30 the grand jury brought in a true bill in the case of Reg. vs. Bennett, charged with forgery.

True bills were brought in late this afternoon in the cases of Reg. vs. Morgan, and Reg. vs. Robins, and no bills in the cases of Reg. vs. Harker, rape, and Reg. vs. Haydon, abduction.

REG. VS. DAVIES.

The case of James Davies, charged with stealing and with receiving stolen goods, the property of the ship, was next called. He admitted having received the goods, not knowing them to have been stolen. This amounted to a plea of not guilty, and the case proceeded. J. Walsh, foreman, Jno. Sylvia, H. Hounslow, J. M. Hughes, W. Williams, Jno. Calvert, J. Townsley, D. McCarthy, A. Elliott, H. J. Martin, A. Edwards, R. Sellick.

REG. VS. CAPT. BILL.

In this case the prisoner was charged with rescuing a witness from Officer Smith. Mr. Walls, for the defendant, pleaded that the prisoner ought not be prosecuted, as he alleged the prisoner had already been convicted before a police magistrate and fined $50.

In answer, the Attorney-General held that there was no record of any such conviction.

The following jury were then sworn in: A. Carmichael, foreman, Jno. Sylvia, A. H. Bridgman, G. Norman, H. Dalby, G. A. Richardson, J. M. Hughes, A. Townsley, J. H. Warner, L. Stemler, A. Lee and Wm. Holmes.

Mr. Walls, who, on account of his special plea, opened his case first, claimed that the prisoner had been fined $50 for assaulting Officer Redgrave and that the charge upon which the prisoner stood indicted was the same as the one for which he had been fined. He produced certificates showing that the fine had been paid.

Officer Smith was called, after which his Lordship directed the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty, remarking that it was very bad policy to break faith with an Indian as there is no telling what results might follow. The Indians thought the case had been settled when they paid the $50 fine; but instead of letting him go they brought him up on another charge.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty without leaving the box.

NEW WESTMINSTER NEWS.

Seattle Visitors—The Inquest on Baptiste —Mayoralty Contest.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Nov. 24.—The Board of Trade of Seattle is going to visit Westminster on Thursday, 300 strong. The Board of Trade here will receive the visitors and do the hospitable.

The coroner's jury in the case of Baptiste returned an open verdict last night, finding that deceased met his death from causes unknown to them. The police confessed their inability to find the persons suspected of the murder of the Indian.

James Cunningham formally announced last night his intention of running for the mayoralty. The fight will be a stiff one.

Train Robber Captured.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 24.—Bill Perry, alias Payne, one of the desperadoes who in September last held up a Rio Grande train, was arrested here to-day by Sheriff Stewart of Canyon City. Perry had been here for some weeks, and shortly after his arrival had his foot amputated at the hospital, the operation being necessary because of a gun shot wound received while holding up the train

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

AN ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT'S MALIGNITY.

He Performs a Herculean Feat in Reading, and in Addition to Attending Many Dinner Parties at Ministers' Houses, Forms a Cabinet in a Few Days.

From Our Own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Nov. 14.—In a late number of the Review of Reviews the editor in describing London journalism spoke of the change which has taken place in the management of the Times of London so that it would retain its first place in journalism, viz., that it was abandoning many of its old fashioned notions and acting up to the spirit of the age. I presume that it is by way of acting up to this principal that an accredited member of its staff has been interviewed by one of the local newspapers here, and that he has thought proper to publish the opinions on our political condition which he telegraphed to the great journal and the long letter in which he has embodied them before it was possible that they could appear in London. It is something new for this course to be followed. It is to be presumed that it has its advantages. Those whose policy and conduct are approved may complacently refer to this certificate of their virtue, ability and political purity and draw their breath with some relief that they are placed in a right position out of Canada. Those who do not accept this summary process of deciding a difficult question, may feel inclined to enquire on what pretensions these views have been formed and under what circumstances they have obtained force and consistency. In such a case there is the opportunity of weighing them in the longitude of their manufacture, and of examining the wisdom which conceived and the industrious investigation which has matured them.

CANADIAN POLITICS.

This brilliant writer of the Times, Mr. Phil Robinson, who has just returned from Victoria, and who, as if by beat of drum, has penetrated the intricacies of Canadian politics, has been interviewed by the Ottawa Citizen. The reporter found Mr. Robinson in his rooms in the Victoria Chambers. He blandly tells the interviewer that as a special correspondent he does not require any time to form his ideas. It reminds one of Dogberry, who tells us that to be a well-favored man was the gift of fortune, but to write and read comes by nature, and to a class so gifted a knowledge of the tortuosities of Canadian politics comes by inspiration. We are told of the great misfortune in the Dominion under which we suffer. We never know facts. All the proceedings of Parliament are myths. All the revelations before the committees of the House of Commons, which it took so many months to bring out, are only out-pourings of romance. Sir Hector Langevin's administration of his department, and the dubious benefit of the doubt allowed him—whether he be fool or knave, the horns of the dilemma on which he was placed—is a fairy tale to amuse triflers. Mr. Chapleau's relation with Mr. Senecal and the pledge of profit upon paper furnished by manufacturers, creditors of a journal owned by Mr. Chapleau—to be placed against the debt of that paper—is a bugaboo story to brighten children. Mr. Haggart's aid to struggling merit; Mr. Cochrane's sale of offices, to relieve from debt the Conservative exchequer of his county; the refusal on the part of the Government to enter into a consideration of section B contract—all these were tales of fiction or the impudent scandals of imbittered partizans—the result of our woeful experience of arriving at conclusions "unprejudiced by information," while the men who believing in the political documents published by Parliament in sending news to England rise "superior to facts."

CANADIAN SENTIMENT.

We have the modest querist here intervening, "who takes it" that the Times does not want statements biased by local political leanings. "Certainly not," answered Mr. Robinson, and then he tells us how he has already taken steps to place the Times in sympathy with Canadian sentiment irrespective, "I hope," he adds modestly, "of party, race or religion." Mr. Robinson then proceeds to construct a new cabinet. Previous to an examination of this combination let us look under what auspices this information was obtained by the new-comer. Mr. Robinson arrived in Ottawa a little over a month ago, bringing letters to the ministry. He showed his fit qualifications for his embassy by having presented his credentials to Mr. Van Horne, who straightforth gave him a private car and sent him, with all the dignity which a German prince would receive, over the Canadian Pacific to the coast to study that line and the country through which it passes. On his return he is received by Mr. Abbott and is the guest every night of some member of the ministry or one of its supporters. No one can dispute the good taste of Ottawa hospitality, and nowhere else on the continent are the duties of the social side of life more gracefully performed. Whatever ill-natured criticism in other respects in regard to politics, this point has received recognition, and there is no doubt Mr. Robinson passed what our neighbors call an elegant time. Nevertheless, he accomplished in spite of all this attention a Herculean feat which we will leave him to describe in his own way. "Since coming to Ottawa," he says, "I have read all the evidence before the committees." Now this is included in several blue books. That of the Committee on Privileges and Elections alone has 1359 pages. After much enquiry along with this reading he cabled over what he thought to be the facts.

CABINET RE-ORGANIZATION.

This correspondent gives a new Cabinet which he discussed with Premier Abbott. The present Cabinet, with one exception, remains in office, Carling and Dewdney pro tem. There is something really charming in these words. It shows how peculiarly is Mr. Robinson fitted to seize the situation. With his wonderful labor of reading and his habitual lunches and dining, both in their way feats to be included in the labors of Hercules, Mr. Robinson finds time to construct a Canadian Cabinet with that nice shade of permanence to obtain Mr. Abbott's grave approval. He changes Mr. Chapleau to the Postoffice, Mr. Haggart to the Militia, and appoints Mr. Meredith to the Public Works, and Mr. Angers to the Railways. It will be seen that Sir Adolphe's name has been removed from the Militia. But a vacancy is at hand. We are told a statesman will be required as Lieut.-Governor of Quebec, and that statesman is Caron. We can conceive the speakers putting the tongue of contempt in the cheek of derision as they discussed the character of the appointment and the nomination made by them.

NO BOODLERS IN CANADA.

Nor was Mr. Robinson idle in his re-integrating process. The London Times is now to apply its whitewashing brush to everybody. No Canadian Minister is a boodler, from the virtuous Abbott downward. In the immaculate companionship in which he was placed, Langevin's ignorance of fraudulent practices was blameworthy and he had to be removed. The charges made against Chapleau were not established, while those against Haggart and Dewdney were trumpery and vexatious. The poor clerks who received extra pay under false names were unjustly sat upon. Special mention is made of Mr. Chapleau and the necessity of his remaining in the Government.

THE BYE-ELECTIONS.

But Mr. Robinson has more news to give us. He tells us that in the bye-elections, which are coming on, the only element of disturbance will be Irish-American intrigue, powerfully supported by American funds." Who is Mr. Robinson's informant? Mr. Abbott, or any of the Tory Ministers who dined him? Did not Mr. Robinson find in his vast reading that it was distinctly proved that New York manufacturers of presses were made to disgorge money to pay the election expenses of Mr. Chapleau's party, by that honest gentleman or his satellites? Where can Mr. Robinson find discrimination against Great Britain? The cant of annexation was brought out at the last election by Sir John Macdonald and his creatures as an answer to those who spoke of the corruption of his government, the political immorality which he had introduced into our system to lower the level of decency, the disorganization of our commerce and the depression under which we suffer, our loss of population. Will any London journal lend itself to disseminating this nonsence? It is the weapon of misrepresentation. If the Government lose any bye-elections it will be from the contempt in which it has fallen, and its utter failure to command respect. During the last session it appeared as the champion of fraud and dishonesty. The reading performed by Mr. Robinson would have told him so. Whatever the Times and the people of England may think of the statements furnished by this correspondent, in Canada, where the truth is known, they will command no respect, and the wonder will be general that they should be given to the world in the unusual premature mode which Mr. Robinson has thought fit to adopt.

SLABTOWN.

Can You Eat

Heartly, with relish, and without distress afterwards? If not, we recommend to you Hood's Sarsaparilla, which crates a good appetite and so invigorates the stomach and bowels that the food is properly digested and all its nutriment assimilated.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, effective, but do not cause pain or gripe. Be sure to get Hood's.

Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Crossley and Hunter.

Messrs. Crossley and Hunter, the evangelists, held their first regular week night meeting at the First Presbyterian church last night. The was a very large audience present, who attentively listened to the sermons of the evangelists. Rev. J. H. White introduced tho speakers.

The Czar of Russia.

The Czar of Russia probably has his own troubles as well as we commoner mortals. Where we have the advantage in such troubles as dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, bad blood, and the like is in being able to procure easily a perfect remedy in Burdock Blood Bitters, nature's grand restorative tonic and purifier.

A Great Convenience.

From this date Jackson & Mylius, jewellers, 76 Government street, will send for your clock, and return it when properly adjusted. Call, or drop in a card, which will have our prompt attention. Watches and jewelery repaired. All work guaranteed.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

Glasgow Beef hams just received at R. H. Jamieson's 33 Fort street.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"THE GLOBE"
Oyster and Chop House
42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
VINCENT & HOLBROOK, Proprietors.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MID-WIFE
Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.
—RESIDENCE:—
Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.
feb3tf

SPECIAL MONTREAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. FIRTH & SONS
(LIMITED.)
NORFOLK WORKS, SHEFFIELD,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL
For Axes, Tools, Taps, Dies; also, Spring Steel, Locomotive Tires and Mild Steel Castings.
JAMES HUTTON & CO., AGENTS FOR CANADA, MONTREAL AND TORONTO.
T. S.

OAK TANNED
"EXTRA" BRAND.
BELTING
ESTABLISHED 1856.
MONTREAL & TORONTO,
THE J. C. McLAREN BELTING CO.

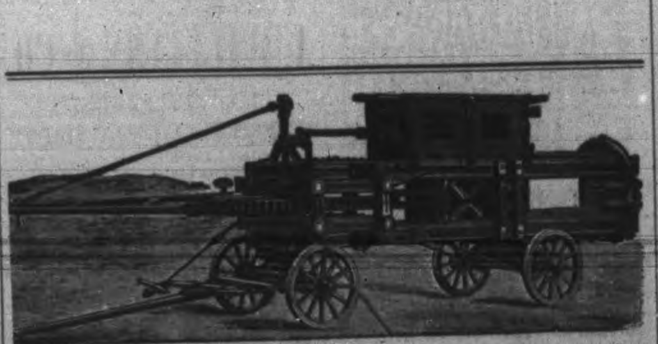
A NEW KIND
OF INSURANCE

For 50 cents you can insure yourself and family against any bad results from cold, coughs, whooping cough and croup during the changeable weather. One or two doses of Braden's Cough Cure will convince you that it is one of the few cough remedies worthy of standing in the front ranks to fight these dangerous foes.

D. E. CAMPBELL,
Proprietor and Manufacturer.

25 cents will insure you against any bad result from an attack attack of bowel complaint during the summer. One or two doses of DR. FELLOWS' CORDIAL OF BLACKBERRY AND JAMAICA GINGER will cure any ordinary case. It never fails, and is pleasant and safe to take. No one can afford to travel without it.—D. E. CAMPBELL, Sole Agent, corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria, B.C.

CAMPBELL'S
PRESCRIPTION STORE



THE ABOVE CUT SHOWS
ROBINSON'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SWEEP LEVER PERPETUAL PRESS
With Patent Double Condensing Hopper.
NICHOLLES & RENOUF, 61 Yates St., Victoria,
Send for Circulars and Price Lists. SOLE AGENTS for British Columbia

COAL, WOOD, LUMBER
--- THE OFFICE OF THE ---
VICTORIA COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD
Has Been Removed to 51 Yates Street, F. G. Richards' Office.
——CALL AND LEAVE YOUR ORDERS——
P. O. BOX 571. TELEPHONE 176.

STEAMBOATS.

HO! FOR THE EAST!!
The Upton Line of Steamships
GOOD PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION
$300!! $300!! $300!!
Round Trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges, sailing monthly from Victoria.

THE SS. SUSSEX
Will clear from Victoria on
MONDAY, 23rd Inst.
Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board. For further particulars and every information apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government street, Victoria, B.C. jy8

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Royal Mail Steamship Line.
THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE
TO CHINA AND JAPAN.
TABLE OF SAILING.
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
EMPRESS OF CHINA....	Dec. 1	Dec. 16
EMPRESS OF INDIA....	Dec. 29	Jan. 13
EMPRESS OF JAPAN....	Jan. 26	Feb. 10
EMPRESS OF CHINA....	Feb. 23	Mar. 6
EMPRESS OF INDIA....	Mar. 22	April 6

Round Trip Tickets at reduced rates on sale at Company's office. Also through tickets to all principal points on American, European or Asiatic continents.

☞Tickets from Victoria AROUND THE WORLD, GOOD TO GO IN EITHER DIRECTION, together with pamphlets, guide books, time-tables, etc., and full information, call on or address

ALLAN CAMERON,
Fgt. and Pass. Agent,
Government street, Victoria, B. C.
D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver mh10

PUGET SOUND AND ALASKA
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SPEED 18 KNOTS. VICTORIA ROUTE SS. "CITY OF KINGSTON" TONNAGE 1117.

8:00 a.m.	Lv	MI	..*Tacoma...	117	Ar	5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m.	Lv	24	...Seattle...	93	Lv	3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m.	Lv	72	Pt Townsend	35	Lv	11:45 p.m.
4:30 p.m.	Ar	117	...Victoria†	MI	Lv	8:30 p.m.

Strs. "City of Kingston" and "City of Seattle" make connections at Port Townsend for passengers going from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

SPEED 18 KNOTS. WHATCOM ROUTE SS. "CITY OF SEATTLE" TONNAGE 1411.

6:45 p.m.	Lv	MI	..‡†Tacoma..	124	Ar	4:30 p.m.
9:00 p.m.	Lv	24	...Seattle...	100	Lv	2:30 p.m.
12:15 a.m.	Lv	72	Pt Townsend	52	Lv	11:30 a.m.
2:25 a.m.	Lv	105	..Anacortes..	20	Lv	9:15 a.m.
6:45 a.m.	Ar	121	.Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8:00 a.m.
6:10 a.m.	Ar	123	...Sehome...	1	Lv	7:30 a.m.
4:30 a.m.	Ar	124	.Whatcom*.	MI	Lv	6:00 a.m.

*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday. ‡Close connection with N.P. train from Portland and San Francisco.

For further information apply to
C. G. CHANDLER,
G. F. & P. A., Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent, 82 Government street.
C. S. BAXTER,
au20 G. P. A., C.P.N. Co., Wharf street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY
CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.
FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, Nov. 28, 1891, 2 p.m.
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney Without Change.
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
Mariposa ..... THURSDAY, Dec. 10th, 1891, 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
☞For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
nov28 General Agents

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
STEAMER
ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after November 19th, '89.
Until further notice,
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo..........Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox..........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo..........Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria..........Saturday 7 a.m.
For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

CANADIAN PACIFIC
NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)
TIME TABLE No. 15,
Taking effect Oct. 1, 1891.

Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.
Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trip to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 7th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave on Standard Time.
JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, Manager.
General Agent

STEAMBOATS.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every five days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - November 25
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.
PUGET SOUND DIVISION.
The following Schedule for Union Pacific Steamers will be in effect on and after November 1, 1891.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.—Steamer VICTORIAN.

†6:30 p.m.	Lv.	......Tacoma......	Ar.	†4:15 p.m.
8:15 p.m.	Ar.	......Seattle......	Lv.	2:30 p.m.
9:00 p.m.	Lv.	......Seattle......	Ar.	1:30 p.m.
12:01 a.m.	Ar.	..Port Townsend..	Lv.	10:30 a.m.
12:30 a.m.	Lv.	..Port Townsend..	Ar.	10:15 a.m.
*2:30 a.m.	Ar.	......Victoria......	Lv.	†7:30 a.m.

*Daily, except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday. Victoria passengers may remain on board until 7 a.m.

C. G. RAWLINGS,
General Agent.
Office, No. 100 Government street. no8tf

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO
RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE NO. 15.
To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 20th, 1891.
☞Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.☜

STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. Miles from Wellington.	No. 1 Passenger Daily. P M	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Sun. P M	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. Miles from Victoria.	No. 2 Passenger Daily. A M	No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Sun. P M
VICTORIA	78	Ar. 12:24	Ar. 5:58		De. 8:00	De. 2:30
RUSSELL'S	77	" 12:20	" 5:54	1	" 8:04	2:34
ESQUIMALT	74	" 12:10	" 5:44	4	" 8:14	2:44
GOLDSTREAM	67	" 11:45 A M	" 5:19	11	" 8:39	3:09
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	52	" 10:50	" 4:24	26	" 9:34	4:04
COBBLE HILL	47	" 10:40	" 4:14	31	" 9:44	4:14
McPHERSON'S	43	" 10:27	" 3:59	35	" 9:57	4:29
KOKSILAH	40	" 10:17	" 3:49	38	10:07	" 4:39
DUNCAN'S	38	" 10:12	" 3:44	40	" 10:12	" 4:44
SOMENOS	35	" 10:02	" 3:34	43	" 10:22	" 4:54
CHEMAINUS	26	" 9:36	" 3:12	52	" 10:48	" 5:16
NANAIMO	5	De. 8:34		73	Ar. 11:50	
NANAIMO		Ar. 8:25	" 2:14		De. 11:58	" 6:14
WELLINGTON		De. 8:10	De. 1:59	78	Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar. 6:29

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS
Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox

A. DUNSMUIR, JOSEPH HUNTER,
President. Gen'l Supt
H. K. PRIOR,
oct1 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS
THE
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.
It is the Dining Car Route.
It runs Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
— ELEGANT DAY COACHES. —
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or
C. G. CHANDLER,
General Agent,
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
ian Victoria B. C.

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
— AND —
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address
THOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash
E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agt.

JOSEPH SEARS
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.
114 YATES STREET.

Boys' Suits, $2, $2.50, $3 and upwards.
Overcoats, $3.25, $3.50, $4.
Waterproofs, $2.25, $2.75, $6.50.
Trunks and Valises.
Newest Styles.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.
CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,
97 JOHNSON STREET VICTORIA, B. C.
Best Assortment in the City.

All Wool Underwear, $1.50 per suit.
Cardigan Jackets, $1, $1.50, $2.
Tweed Suits, $7, $8.50. $10.
Overcoats, $7, $8, $10.
Lowest Prices.

ROYAL COMMISSION COURT

THE FIRST DAY'S WORK COMMENCED YESTERDAY.

So Far Not the Slightest Evidence of Dishonesty Has Been Found, Although the Judges Pronounce Some Business Done by the Civic Boards as Illegal.

Sir M. B. Begbie, Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice Drake, the recently appointed Royal Commission, took their seats yesterday in the Supreme Court room. The legal gentlemen both for the petitioners and the city were present, as were several of the older citizens.

Mr. Bodwell, for the petitioners, proposed to take up the question of the gravel pits sale. He said: The charge with reference to that, as your lordships will see by the preliminary list of charges, is that the city council disposed of the property here which was of use to the city, and therefore did not fall within the provisions of the statute. The statute upon the point is the Municipal Act, 1891, section 96, sub-section 92.

The Court—The direct is one that is very far-reaching. If your contention is sustained here, then the corporation has no right to make the title of that property; and thus these lot holders have bought nothing.

Mr. Bodwell—Our contention is that if the property is useful for the purposes of the city, then the corporation had no right to sell that property. The sale took place on the 12th October; the by-law for the sale was finally passed on the 19th August, 1891. The fact of the sale is admitted, my lords, in page 17, line 20 of the answer of the city.

Mr. Richards—Your lordships will be good enough to read the answer through. Substantially we kind of demur to that, without going into any enquiry on this subject. The by-law authorizing the sale had to be submitted to the people, and they voted upon it. I do not wish to ask your lordships to sit in judgment on the vote of the ratepayers.

The court held that the ratepayers could not make legal any action of the corporation that was not legal.

Plans of property got out for the sale, also terms and conditions of sale, were handed in and marked "A" and "B."

William Henry Snyder was the first witness examined.

By Mr. Bodwell—Your full name? A—William Henry Snider.

Q—You reside where? A—Victoria city.

Q—What is your occupation? A—Contractor; building streets and roads.

Q—How long have you been in that business? A—About twenty years.

Q—Have you had contracts in the city of Victoria? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Are you familiar with the condition of the streets and roads of the city of Victoria? A—Yes; I am pretty well familiar with them.

Q—Can you state whether or not gravel is required for the purpose of the streets and roads of the city of Victoria? A—Yes; I think it is.

Q—For what purpose, and where would it be used? A—It would be used in crossings and for streets where there is not much heavy traffic. In streets where there is not much heavy traffic it is a great deal cheaper than using metal.

Q—Are you speaking now theoretically or from experience? A—I am speaking from experience.

Q—For how long, to your knowledge, has the city been using gravel for street purposes? A—Well, I think ever since the gravel pit has been opened.

Q—You are familiar with the location of these gravel pits, are you not? A—Yes; I live close by them.

Q—Will you explain to the court how they are located, and how many there are? A—Yes, sir.

Q—Looking at this exhibit, marked "A," will you explain to the court the location of these gravel pits? A—The old gravel pit lies between Cedar Hill road and Queen's avenue, and divides about half way between Queen's avenue and Pembroke street.

Q—And the new gravel pit lies where? A—That lies right in this block, between Princess avenue and South road.

Mr. Charles D. Green was called to prove the maps of the pits.

Q—What is your occupation? A—Draughtsman to the E. & N. Railway and civil engineer.

Q—Graduate of what association? A—I am not a graduate of any association. I was articled as C. E. in England.

Q—How long have you been in this country? A—I have been in this country for about three years and have been assistant engineer to two railways, the S. & O. and Victoria & Saanich railway.

Q—Did you make a plan and survey of the property known as the city gravel pits? A—Yes.

Q—Where did you get your information from as to the location? A—From Mr. Pearse.

Q—Did you have any document given you? A—Yes, I had that map given to me. (Copy of exhibit "A".)

Q—In copying the names of the streets did you make Chatham for Chambers? A—Yes; that is a misprint. I meant that to be Chambers. I took that plan and made cross-sections from it.

Q—Do I understand you to say that the profiles in the sections marked A and B and C and D represent the outlines of the gravel as it appears on the face? A—Yes.

Q—Did you make any examination of the quality of the gravel? A—It is a very fair gravel up to where I marked on the plan as ending.

Q—But where you marked "partly worked out," what do you say to that?

Mr. Richards objected, stating that the court had nothing to do with the propriety of the sale, which had been sanctioned by the ratepayers. The evidence is now tending to show the quantity and quality of gravel there, and we, the defence, contend that the sale having been sanctioned by the ratepayers——

The Court—We quite understand that.

Mr. Bodwell, continuing—Did you see any gravel in what is known as the old gravel pits? A—No.

Q—That is where you marked "worked out?"

Q—Did you make any estimate of the quantity dug? A—I estimated about 15,000 yards.

Q—Can you give us an estimate of the quantity of gravel shown on sections A and B, assuming there is gravel there? A—About 15,000 yards.

Cross-examined by Mr. Richards—That is the estimate you make? A—Yes.

Q—Did you make any test; did you sink any holes there? A—No.

Q—You say that north of Queen's avenue it is all worked out? A—Yes; it appears to be worked out.

Q—Then north of Princess avenue? A—Apparently worked out there.

Q—Then can there be any more got there? A—I suppose so.

Q—What do you suppose is the reason of going out so far here if gravel can be got so much easier? A—I couldn't say. Perhaps the quality was not so good here.

Q—There is a difference in gravel, then. Did you test the gravel stall? A—No, not at all.

Q—What gravel do you know they like best? A—Gravel that will set well.

Q—That is red gravel? A—Yes.

Y—How much is it cut down on the south side of Princess avenue? A—About five feet.

Q—Does it show gravel all along? A—No; on lots 27, 26 and 25 it does not show any gravel.

Q—And what are the signs on the other, the south side? A—Just the same; but there is gravel all along there.

Q—You are quite sure of that? A—Yes.

Q—Is that gravel fit for street making? Did you make any test to see? A—No; I kicked at it, and it seemed very fair gravel.

Q—There is a very deep hole there below the level of the adjoining road. How deep is that hole? A—About 20 feet, I should say.

Q—The whole thing is unsightly looking, is it not? A—Yes, very, I should think.

Q—It would be still worse if this property were dug 50 feet deeper? A—Yes.

Q—If you were living there as the owner of property, would you not prefer to have it all built upon than as it is now? A—I should want it fenced in properly.

Q—You would not want it there at all. Would it not depreciate the property round there? Yes; probably.

Q—Have you any doubt about it? A—No; I don't think I have.

Q—Don't you think it is fair to the owners of property round there to sell that, and if the city wants gravel to get it somewhere else? A—I am hardly competent to give an opinion on that.

Q—At all events I understand you to say that if you were a property owner there you would not like, if you lived there, to have these pits open and gravel taken out? A—I think not.

The court pointed out that there was nothing in the conditions of sale that prevented the purchasers of the lots from working so many pits.

Mr. Snider was recalled, and after a lengthy examination relative to city work and the quantity of gravel available, the court adjourned for luncheon.

On reassembling at 2 o'clock p.m., W. Archibald Robertson was called, who said he had lived in Victoria since the beginning of 1865, and had been a member of the Municipal Council for three years.

Q—Can you tell us then from your experience what uses these gravel pits were put to? A—We put the gravel on the roads to "blind" the macadam, and we gravelled the new streets and crossings.

Q—Is that work finished in the city of Victoria? A—No, I should think not.

Q—Where was the gravel obtained from for this purpose? A—The last year I was there it was obtained from the gravel pits.

Q—Can you tell us the quality of gravel in that pit? A—The gravel there is very good, and then there is considerable that is not good.

Q—There is a quantity of gravel there that is first-class? A—Yes.

Q—Have you examined these gravel pits lately? A—Yes.

Q—About what quantity is there? A—Of the best quality there is probably about 10,000 yards. Of the other quality probably about 5 or 10 thousand. It is pretty hard to estimate.

Q—Can you tell us anything about the price of gravel? A—As far as I know it is $1.50 a load where they haul it.

Q—Had the city sold any gravel while you were a member of the council? A—No.

Q—Why? A—They always calculated to use it themselves.

Q—Can you tell us any other place where gravel can be obtained? A—I know of no other gravel except what belongs to private parties. Mr. Beswick has some gravel; he sold some to the corporation in 1885.

Cross-examined by Mr. Richards—Do you know why, owning that property, the corporation got gravel elsewhere? A—No.

R—Do you know how much they paid for it? A—I suppose the regular price.

Q—What would you do with these pits after they had been worked out? A—Fill them up.

Q—That would cost a good deal? A—Oh, yes; but it would not cost the corporation any more than it would private parties.

Q—There is a very unsightly hole up there at Spring Ridge? A—You mean where the gravel was taken out—yes; unsightly to some people, but it is easily filled up.

Q—Do you think the people who bought lots there paid enough for them or did they get them cheap? A—I reckon some of them thought they could make more out of the gravel than they paid for the lots.

Q—You say you wrote an article against selling these gravel pits? A—Yes; they were very foolish to sell them.

(Continued on page 8.)

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Well Recommended.

DEAR SIRS,—I am happy to say I have used Hagyard's Yellow Oil for burns, bruises, sprains and cuts and find there is nothing better. I recommend it to all my friends around here. Alan G. McLeod, Souris, Man.

Masquerade Ball.

Prof. J. Oliver will give his first masquerade ball of the season on next Thursday eve, November 26th. Four handsome prizes will be given away, two for the best dressed lady and gent and two for the best sustained character, lady and gent. Admission: gentleman maskers 50 cents; lady maskers free; spectators, gentlemen 50 cents, ladies 25 cents. n23-4t

New Steamer.

The new and palatial steamer Victorian leaves Victoria daily except Saturday for Port Townsend, Seattle and Tacoma at 7:30 a.m.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

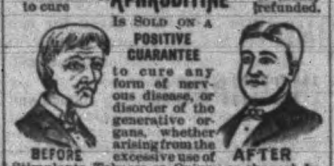
Ask your grocer for Okell & Morris' Jams.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of



Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, au29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO

There settled in Baker county, Oregon, near what is now Baker City, a man who has since become identified with the resources and development of that country. This man is no other than Mr. John Stewart, one of the wealthiest and most influential citizens in the county. In a recent letter he says: "I had been suffering from pains in my back and general kidney complaint for some time, and had used many remedies without any but temporary relief. The pains in my back had become so severe that I was prevented from attending to my work and could not move about without the use of a cane. Hearing through a friend, of the wonderful cures effected by Oregon Kidney Tea, I was induced to try a box, and from that very first dose I found instant relief, and before using half the contents of the box the pains in my back entirely disappeared. I have every faith in the virtues of the Oregon Kidney Tea, and can conscientiously recommend it to my friends. I would not be without it for anything."

Oregon Kidney Tea cures backache, incontinence of urine, brick dust sediment, burning or painful sensation while urinating, and all affections of the kidney or urinary organs of either sex.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM CURES COUGHS, COLDS HOARSENESS ETC

BE A MAN

All men can't be Apollos of strength and form, but all may have robust health and strong nerves and clear minds. Our treatment makes such men. The methods are our own exclusively, and where anything is left to build upon, the VIGOR OF MEN is easily, quickly, permanently restored. Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the result of over-work, sickness, worry, etc., forever cured. Full strength development, and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanations and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address,

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N.Y.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.
Successors to S. S. Hyams.
The only OPTICIANS in British Columbia.

Your Eyesight is too precious to be trifled with, and if you value it, you will allow NONE but practical OPTICIANS to fit you with glasses. Testing and fitting the eyes to CORRECT glasses is our specialty.

REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS.
27 FORT STREET.
oct2

THE TORONTO.

Of all the stores for genuine tea
Toronto leads by one, two, three.
The coffee next in this great store—
It stands A 1, and two, three four.
Next comes everything you eat—
Superior all—a perfect treat.
The prices low. Then purchase here;
Of imposition never fear.
There's not a store this side the Sound
That boasts such goods, take all around.
It matters not what you require,
It's right there as your heart's desire.
If you've but little time to spare,
The car for five cents takes you there,
And you will prove tho' small's the fee
You've saved in profits three times three,
Without one bit exaggeration
The store's the best throughout the nation.
Then don't forget to come for to go
To the well-known store—the TORONTO.

102, 104 and 106, cor. Fort and Blanchard Sts.

THE BEST BARGAIN

On the market to-day. We have platted 20 five-acre blocks in South Saanich, all good land and rich soil suitable for garden and fruit-raising purposes, and on the proposed line of the V., S. & N. W. Railway. These desirable tracts are placed within the reach of all who are desirous of obtaining five acres of garden land for small capital, and the prices and terms are such that we feel confident that all of them will be sold in a few days. Come early and have your pick, if you wish the best bargain in the market on easy terms.

A SNAP:

For rent or sale, superior built 5-room cottage and woodshed. Lot 60x120, good soil. Splendid location for chicken raising. On Carey road, five minutes' walk from new tram line.

One new cottage close to Douglas street cars. Price $1100; $100 cash, balance $50 every three months.

100 acres splendid land, 16 acres cultivated, 80 acres cleared. All good land. Good house, barn, granary, stable, sheds, etc. Cheap and on easy terms.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.
6 STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT.
se2

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

PER S.S. "SUSSEX."
Just Arrived from Kobe, Japan.

PORCELAINS
RUGS,
CURIOS, ETC.

T. S. FUTCHER,
IMPORTER AND RETAILER,
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

GUARANTEED!
The Best Cigars in the Market.

INVINCIBLE SPOTS
RIALTO
PEG-TOP and L.O.G.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.
MONTREAL. jy21 1y

DEPOSITS RECEIVED FOR FIXED PERIODS
At 5½ per cent. Interest.

Money to Loan on Mortgage at Current Rates on Approved Security
—BY—
THE BRITISH COLUMBIA
DEPOSIT AND LOAN CO., LTD.

CAPITAL $500,000 (with power to increase), Divided into 10,000 Shares of $50.00 each.

—DIRECTORS:—

The Hon. Sir Joseph William Trutch, K.C.M.G., Chairman.
E. Crow Baker, Esq.
C. T. Dupont, Esq.
Thomas Earle, Esq., M.P
Thos. B. Hall, Esq.
William Wilson, Esq.
Henry Young, Esq.

MANAGER, J. KEITH WILSON, ESQ.

—OFFICE:—
70 DOUGLAS STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.
— BANKERS —
VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y.

BANK OF MONTREAL

CAPITAL ALL PAID UP.....$12,000,000
REST.....6,000,000

SIR DONALD A. SMITH, PRESIDENT.
HON. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, VICE-PRESIDENT.
E. S. CLOUSTON, GENERAL MANAGER.

Victoria Branch: Corner Bastion and Government Streets.

SAVINGS BRANCH

Rate of Interest at present, Four per cent.

Branches in London, Eng., New York and Chicago, and in the principal Cities in Canada.

Buy and sell Sterling Exchange and Cable Transfers. Grant Commercial and Travelling Credits available in any part of the world. Drafts issued. Collections made at all points.

apr9-3m

ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD
NORTH END OF ROCK BAY BRIDGE.

TELEPHONE 512 and 470. All Orders receive prompt attention.

S. F. McINTOSH,
Dealer in all kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Best New Wellington Coal, Cordwood, etc.

GOOD QUALITY AND MEASUREMENT GUARANTEED

THEY HAVE COME!

OUR LAST CAR OF BEDROOM SUITES.

They are a fine selection. They have got to be sold. No reasonable offer refused

For any of our goods, including Parlor Furniture, Easy Chairs, Carpets, Mattresses, Sideboards, Extension Tables, Chairs and Window Shades.

LOCKHART & CO.,
UNDERTAKING PARLORS, 36 Broad Street. 60 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted &c., under these heads, four lines or under 50 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—A general servant. Apply at No. 5 Michigan street, James Bay. no25-tf

WANTED—Any one who has worked for the Empire Co-operative Supply Co. of New York, or the Imperial Jewelry Co. of San Francisco, or the North Western Clothing Co., or the Chicago Watch Co., to work for us. Call or write. We sell goods on the same system and monopolize the business in B.C. The Canadian Co-operative Supply Co., P. J. Nolan, manager. P.O. Box 620, Victoria. no21-1w

WANTED—Immediately a girl to do general housework. Must be a good cook. Apply to No. 41 View street. nov21-3t

WANTED—An active good HOUSEMAID and parlor maid. Wages $20. References required. Apply at Pentrelew, 23 Cadboro Bay road. no18-1w

WANTED—An offer for Lot 14, Lake Hill Estate, containing five acres, close to Cook street extension. A. Williams & Co., 5 Store street. no18-1m

WANTED—A girl to do cooking and kitchen work in a small family. Good wages. No children. Apply 178 Yates street. no5-tf

WANTED—Four boarders. Pleasant rooms; healthy locality, close to Park Lake; terms moderate. Apply at 22 Young street, James Bay. oc13-3m

TO LET.

TO RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, close to centre of city. Very private. Use of bath. References given and required. Address X, Box 632, Victoria no24-tf

A COMFORTABLE HOME for the winter for two gentlemen, with private family. One block from street car, or 15 minutes' walk from postoffice. Exceptionally large, warm and well furnished rooms. Postoffice Box 137. nov23-tf

A LARGE front room, convenient to business center, furnished or unfurnished, to let to good party. 61 View street. nov21-2w

TO LET—New house, James Bay; 2-story; 8 rooms; bay windows; close to car and sea; bath, hot and cold. Rent low to good tenant. Apply on premises, 234 Simcoe street, between Montreal and St. Lawrence streets. no18-1m

TO LET—A furnished front room, suitable for two young men, or man and wife. Apply at 251 Yates street. no24-1w

TO LET—House, 9 rooms, Belcher avenue, Rent $25 per month. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. nov2

TO LET—In Humphreys block, Yates street, well furnished rooms at moderate prices, bright and airy. Young men preferred. n2-1m

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 53 Yates street. no23-tf

FOR SALE.

THOSE WISHING FINE BEER should get the Clausen-Sweeney Amber Cream Lager, in keg and in bottles. This beer is bottled by a new process and is extra fine. Telephone 530. P.O. Box 637 no23 to dec31

FOR SALE—Furniture of five-roomed house, in first-class condition. Apply at TIMES office. no23-1w

FOR SALE—The sealing schooner Mascot, with sails and outfit, including four new sealing boats. Apply to Hall, Goepel & Co. no23-1w

RESTAURANT BUSINESS for sale, cheap. Established for two years. Apply at 121 Fort street. no14-tf

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Four lots Constance Cove, water front. Price $2500 on terms. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. nov2

FOR SALE—Lease and good will of first-class private boarding house, centrally situated, with extensive grounds; 27 rooms. A good reason for selling. Apply to Crane, McGregor & Boggs. oc30

FOR SALE—House and lot, 238 Fort street. Pleasant site for home. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. nov2

FOR SALE—Five room cottage, beautiful situation, Vancouver street, $2100. Crane, McGregor and Boggs.

FOR SALE—Five, ten or twenty acres of Cultivated Land on the Burnside road. Terms ¼ cash, ¼ every year until paid off. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

FOR SALE—Good Lot on Oak Bay car line, within city limits. Price, $350. Terms easy. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

FOR SALE—Eight-room House. All modern improvements. Large lot. Price, $2500. Cash; $700, balance on mortgage. Apply. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

FOR SALE—Four-room House, Elizabeth Street. Large lot. Price, $1500. Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $36,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
—— street, Victoria, B. C. sat5-1y

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., and C.M., Edinburgh.
SPECIALTY:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts.

DRS. HALL & LEITCH.
OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 90 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.
Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital, New York. au5-6m

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL,
39 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sunday and holidays.

TRAINED NURSE.

MRS. WINDEBANK,
LADIES' NURSE
45 Blanchard street. Confinements only. First-class English certificate. Doctors' and city references. nov3-1m

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad est and Trou— fe29tf

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE
Corner Government and Pandora streets. Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju19

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. au23-1y

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A black and white retriever puppy, from the corner of Quadra and Chatham streets. Five dollars reward for the return of the same to E. B. Marvin & Co. no24-3t

LOST—A small fox terrier puppy, with tail cut. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to J. H. Turner. no17-tf

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2. W. C. Windebank (from Broadwood's, London, Eng.), 45 Blanchard street. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc20

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit he rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pigard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 d. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, O.R.C. Regular convocation held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY,
—tf Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P
Regular convention every Friday evening at Forresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER,
oc19 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., Wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 50.

THE LAST
GUESSING MATCH.

LANGE & CO.

before retiring from business in the early part of 1892, are going to have one more Guessing Match, for which they are offering Twelve Handsome and Costly Prizes, consisting of:

1. Gent's Gold Watch, hunting case.
2. " " " "
3 Lady's Gold Watch (Enamelled, with inlaid Diamonds on case).
4. Lady's Gold Watch (Diamonds and Pearls inlaid on case).
5. Gent's Diamond Ring.
6. Lady's Diamond Ring.
7. Silver Tea Set of five pieces.
8. " " four "
9. Silver Water Pitcher.
10. Silver Toilet Set.
11. Silver Individual Cruet.
12. Silver Handled Riding Whip.

One guess for every $5 spent in purchasing goods. The above represent a very large sum, and are the finest prizes yet offered in any of our Guessing Matches. For conditions of the Guessing Match apply at the store.

93 GOVERNMENT STREET.

We have on hand the choicest stock of Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches and Clocks, etc., to be seen in Victoria.
au3-1m

JNO. T. PIERRE,
MERCHANT TAILOR AND DYER,

Has removed to his new block, Douglas Street, two doors south of City Hall.
au4-tf

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues, and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club, Fort street, Victoria. au21-tf

THOS. STOREY
Funeral Director & Embalmer
ja9 42 & 44 Gov't St., Victoria. ly

MUNN & CO.
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for
PATENTS
A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

MANY A FORTUNE HAS BEEN MADE BY ADVERTISING; ONE WAS NEVER LOST BY IT.

EXPIRATION
OF
LEASE.

Clearance Sale
NOW ON.

BARGAINS
In all Departments
ASK TO SEE THEM.

Dress Goods
Jackets
Mantles
Art Silks
Black Silks
Blankets
Comforters
Sheetings
Grey Flannels
Fancy Flannels
Etc., Etc., Etc.

All at bedrock prices for the next

15 Days

Please shop early and avoid the usual afternoon crush.

---- THE ----
STANLEY
HOUSE
GENERAL
DRY GOODS
Cor. Broad and Yates.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 27 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

The Daily Times.

COLONIST TACTICS.

The Government organ essays a lame defence of Chairman Hayward's course at Saturday night's meeting of the School Board. In it, however, there is no reference made to the fact that several resolutions were submitted in the chairman's handwriting and the Board was apparently expected to pass them without question. That is hardly in line with a chairman's duties. The resolutions passed included one saddling the city with the cost of printing the examination papers, in the face of Supt. Pope's letter telling the Board that it has nothing to do with the internal management of the schools. Mr. Hayward as a representative of the city on the Board should have opposed its being put to this expense, but instead of that he urged the passing of the resolution. The Colonist says the TIMES is mistaken in asserting that a special meeting of the Board was held for the opening of the stove tenders. The TIMES may be forgiven for this when the Colonist's own report of Saturday's night's meeting contained the following paragraph:—

The stove tenders being opened and read, the secretary announced that they had been considered and the contract awarded at a special meeting held in Trustee McConnan's store.

Accepting the Colonist's correction of its own report, the matter is not much improved by the further attempt at explanation. Here are the Colonist's two statements by way of defence:—

At the meeting held on the evening of November 10, the following motion was carried: "That the whole Board be a committee, to select stoves for the schoolrooms, and to call for tenders for supplying and fitting up the same, and to award the contract to the lowest tenderer."

When the tenders were received, the Secretary, we are informed, took them to the chairman, who instructed him to open them in the presence of one or two witnesses and award according to the terms of the resolution to the lowest tenderer. Our readers see that the instructions of the resolution were carried out in every particular.

It is quite as plain as daylight to anybody but the Colonist that the instructions of the resolution were not carried out. The opening of the tenders by the Secretary "in the presence of one or two witnesses," which witnesses, it seems, happened to be the chairman and Trustee McConnan, was quite different from their consideration by the whole Board as a committee. Courtesy, if nothing else, required that all the members should be notified of the consultation over the tenders.

In conclusion, we may be allowed to say that we are not "encouraging the minority of the Trustees to pursue a factious and an obstructive course." The minority of the Trustees are trying to defend the city's interests against attacks made by the Government, and we are bound to uphold them in their work.

THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

The Provincial Government employs and pays liberally a Deputy Attorney-General, who is supposed to take the Attorney-General's place when that gentleman is busy somewhere else. When Mr. Irving held the position he always took a prominent part at the assizes, in fact he did most of the work; but the present incumbent seems to be a figure-head. He is not a barrister, and therefore cannot practice in the Supreme Court. The Attorney-General is engaged elsewhere, and therefore two other barristers had to be engaged to represent the Crown in the assize court yesterday. Both were there all day, and will, of course, expect the Government to pay them well for their services. The Deputy Attorney-General, it is true, was in the court all day, but he could not open his mouth except to smile when a joke was cracked. Why should the Attorney-General's deputy have been selected from the ranks of the gownless? Were there no barristers available for the position? Victoria must be poverty-stricken in respect of native legal talent when a gentleman recently arrived from England has to be called on to fill so important and responsible a position. Mr. Barton may be very promising material of the legal kind, but he surely ought to have been required to qualify as a barrister before being appointed Deputy Attorney-General. It is a generally accepted maxim that when all other things are equal, men who have been residents of a place all their lives or for many years should have the preference when public appointments are to be made. This maxim is apparently ignored by the Provincial Government, whose predilections are in favor of recent arrivals. We do not wish to be understood as advocating "know-nothingism" pure and simple, for there might be circumstances which would justify the Government in employing expert assistants from the outside. That can hardly apply in the matter of lawyers, however, for there is always plenty of native material at hand. In this case the offence is aggravated by the selection of a gentleman who is not a member of the Bar, and who therefore cannot perform all the functions of a deputy Attorney-General. Queer are the methods of the Robson Government.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Earl of Aberdeen is not an encourager of flunkeyism. When some of the Hamilton people proposed to welcome the Earl and the Countess with a public reception the Earl declined with his usual good sense. The Spectator's verdict is: "We are glad to know that our esteemed townsman, the Earl of Aberdeen, has decided to have no formal nonsense in connection with his return home to this city. Earls like to have a little time to themselves as well as other people, and if a few more of the high and mighty of the world were to put their aristocratic feet down on the public reception and address business it would be a mighty good thing."

A complaint made by "Merchant" regarding the state in which the highway is kept by the building operations at the corner of Johnson and Government streets, will find many endorsers. The fact is that builders are allowed to take too many liberties with the streets in this city. When a contractor starts in on a building he deems himself empowered to practically pre-empt a portion of the street and make no adequate provision for the displaced traffic. Contractors should be more closely looked after in this respect. It will be cheaper for the city to exercise a little supervision than to pay a bill of damages to some victim of a builder's blockade on the sidewalk or roadway.

VICTORIA SCHOOLS.

To the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Victoria:

GENTLEMEN:—You are now paying an enormous sum towards the maintenance of your schools. You are bound to provide sufficient school accommodation and tuition for all the children in the city. You must purchase lands, erect buildings, furnish apparatus and pay one-half of the teachers' salaries. As an offset to the vast expenditure which this entails you are graciously accorded the privilege of appointing four gentlemen to represent you on the board of trustees, which body has the power to notify you of the amount required for school purposes and to insist on the prompt payment thereof. You must not, however, presume to enquire whether, in expending so much money for educational purposes, you are making a judicious investment. You dare not ask whether your schools are properly conducted or not. You must not insinuate that injustice is done if one teacher has to instruct 97 pupils and another 22 for the same salary. You, gentlemen, are not competent to determine whether the children attending your schools make that progress which might reasonably be expected from the vast outlay of money. All that you have to do is to foot the bill and the results must be pronounced upon by the gentleman who is the Superintendent of Education, not for the city, but for the whole Province. As you have not sufficient intelligence to appoint a superintendent for the city, you are to be congratulated on your good fortune in having a gentleman of such varied experience and such scholastic attainments to look after your teachers and the internal work of your schools. Some of you may remember that Dr. Pope was, not many years ago, the principal of your high school, and your ears may still tingle with the wail of anguish that arose when he resigned his position to accept the presidency of the University of Saanich. Nevertheless, I beg to point out that the Superintendent of Education is not responsible to you in one particular. You have taxation—plenty of it, but no representation in this respect. Gentlemen, appoint your own inspector and ascertain what is done with your money.

The Government, on the other hand, appoints three trustees. They do not represent you; yet they tax you. What moral right, I ask, have those three trustees to vote on any question involving the expenditure of the city's money, seeing that they, like the Superintendent of Education, are not responsible to you?

The School Act is an iniquitous piece of legislation framed specially for Victoria schools and Victoria teachers. While you are, at great expense, erecting your own school buildings, you are at the same time assisting New Westminster to put up a $30,000 school building—contrary to the spirit and intent of the School Act. While you are not allowed to say one word regarding the management and internal work of the schools, the other cities are allowed to do as they please, appoint teachers where and when they please and promote pupils as they see fit. It is only Victoria that receives the full benefit of the iniquity of the School Act.

Gentlemen, it is time for you to be up and doing. You have submitted to injustice too patiently. Instead of entering your emphatic protest, as representatives of the city, against the School bill when it was before the Legislature, you appeared oblivious of the fact that Victoria was discriminated against. Do you imagine that reforms are effected and grievances removed without a struggle? The worst tyrants are at heart the greatest cowards, and a good, vigorous, stubborn kick from the city council—which holds the purse strings—cannot even at this late hour fail to make our educational autocrats tremble. I am, Mr. Mayor and gentlemen, your most humble servant,

J. ABERCROMBIE RUDOK, M.A.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

TO THE EDITOR:—During the construction of the new brick block at the corner of Johnson and Government streets, the merchants and residents north of Johnson street have had to endure a nuisance which amounts to isolation from the business portion of the city, brought about through bad temporary sidewalks. This is an injustice to business men who have to pay city taxes and dangerous to pedestrans who grope their way through a badly lighted portion of our principal business thoroughfare. It is a sign of progress to see buildings in our city, but the contractor having charge of construction should certainly provide the public with a little sidewalk. This portion of Government street has now been blocked for six months, and the merchants have experienced heavy financial losses as a result. If the fault is with the contractor the authorities should insist on a proper remedy, but in the meantime let the chairman of the street committee investigate the causes of the nuisance and then in all probability a proper remedy will be found.

MERCHANT.

THE CATTLE QUESTION.

TO THE EDITOR:—We see in the Colonist of this morning that Mr. Agassiz has cattle for sale, for which he can't find a market. As we are in want of cattle, we would like to know how many he has, and what price per pound he would want for them delivered in Victoria, the cattle to be of prime quality fit for market. As regards hogs, all our supplies come from the Mainland, and as he can't find sale for his it is probable that he asks more than other farmers do who find no trouble in disposing of theirs.

ROBT. PORTER & SONS.

Victoria, Nov. 24.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

TO THE EDITOR.—Allow me to thank you on behalf of all the pupils in Victoria and its vicinity who are preparing to pass into the High School for your kindness last week in making known the date of the examination. What do the supporters of the Hon. John Robson, the head of the Education Department, think about the official notice of the examination only appearing this week and on a Sabbath morning? The date was officially made known in the other cities some days ago.

PET.

The Salton Lake Drying Up.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 24.—A gentleman who arrived from Salton yesterday said Salton lake is fast drying up, the water having receded to such an extent as to show very clearly an old locomotive which was submerged at the end of the railroad spur near the salt works. This is three miles south of the Salton sea. The spur to the mines has been partially rebuilt, and will be completed in a few days. A great stretch of desert which was submerged is now dry, and is covered with a glistening coating of salt. The Salt Company will resume operations very soon, taking chances on the water coming in again at the high tide season next year.

Burned to Death.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Three servants and one child were burned to death early yesterday morning by a fire in the old Homestead hotel. All escape was cut off, and the people in the hotel were compelled to lower themselves to the ground from the second story windows.

EASILY DISPOSED OF.

The Panther Wanted to Get Out and He Was Accommodated.

Deputy marshals who work in the Indian country lead a hard life. Accommodations are not always to be had. Tom Smith recently told a reporter of the Fort Worth Gazette of an adventure he had one night lately.

Night overtook him near an old cabin, but, as the Indian custom of burying the dead in their houses and then moving away flashed upon him, he decided to sleep under a tree at some little distance and thus avoid a possible interview with an aboriginal spook. In the night a rain set in and he got up and went into the cabin and shut the door to keep out the rain and water.

He wrapped his blanket around him and lay down. Presently he heard a growling and whining, but he paid no attention to it. The growls and whines grew fierce and louder, but he lay quiet, trying to go asleep. The animal ran around the walls, scratching and yelling in a way to make one feel very uncomfortable and make such a thing as sleep impossible. It was a tiger. Finally Smith concluded that the beast was not going to be quiet and let him rest, so he got up and opened the door and let it out. Then he lay down and slept without further disturbance until morning.

Heavy Cattle.

The owner of two of the heaviest cattle ever seen in Kansas—two steers weighing together 8,040 pounds—has refused an offer of 50 cents per pound for them, and proposes to take them to the world's fair. The larger one, weighing 4,040 pounds, is exactly twelve feet long, and both stand about six feet high.

Carpenter's tools sold cheap at 45 Johnson street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Free Lunch.

Don't forget the free lunch at the Bee Hive to-night.

Carpets.

Largest stock of carpets in the city at Spencer's Arcade. Estimates given.

First of the Season.

Just arrived by express from the east a consignment of fresh finnan haddies. B. Gordon.

Cash Will Buy

18 pounds of sugar for $1; Christmas hams at 17cts per pound; fresh eastern eggs at 25cts per doz., at Wm. Eckert's, 106 Yates street.

Light Police Court.

Police Court business was very light this morning, the only case being that of Geo. Lawson, charged with discharging a gun in Beacon Hill Park. A fine of $3 fitted the crime and the business of the day was over.

$5.00.

Save one dollar and sign for Williams' Official Directory edition 1892 for $4.00, payable on delivery of book. Advertisers are advised to hasten their orders for this valuable medium. P.O. box 485, Victoria, B.C. mws

New Chair Cars.

The Union Pacific is the only transcontinental line running free reclining chair cars from the Pacific coast to the east. For particulars, etc., call on or address C. G. Rawlings, General agent, 100 Government street. tf

The Union Pacific

Is the only line running two fast trains daily from Portland to Omaha, St. Paul, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, and all points east and south. Ticket office, 100 Government street. C. G. Rawlings, general agent. tf

Will Try to Raise the San Pedro.

A survey was held on the wrecked steamer San Pedro this afternoon, and it has been decided to try to raise the sunken vessel. All the gear here that is available will be engaged, and more brought from the other side.

Will be Extradited.

Four Chinese witnesses and one white man came up from San Francisco this morning to give evidence for the extradition of Yung Yee Ting, the Chinaman who is held in jail here on a charge of embezzlement. A further charge of forgery is to be laid.

A Narrow Escape.

During the voyage out from England of the bark City of Carlisle an apprentice named Robt. Tuttle fell from aloft and was believed to have been killed. It was found on picking him up that life was not extinct, and after careful nursing by Capt. Kendall the lad was brought round all right and is now none the worse of his terrible fall.

New Goods.

Oolachans, Yarmouth bloaters, Clover Leaf brand lobsters, Bowlby Bros' tomatoes corn, pease and peaches, Spanish onions, pea flour (Glasgow,) new Valencia raisins, currants, layer raisins, shelled almonds and Dr. Price's extracts. 33 Fort street, Red Front Store.

Gray vs. McCallum.

A statement in yesterday's TIMES regarding this case was in error. An application was made last week for a *rule nisi* for a new trial on behalf of the Grays. The motion was made before the Divisional Court, consisting of the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Crease. Hearing was postponed until the first day of the next sitting of the full court, in order to have the benefit of the presence of all the judges.

Cold Weather East.

The San Francisco weather report this morning says that in the eastern portion of the states between the Mississippi and the Rockies the temperature is below freezing point, and is lowest over north Dakota where it is four degrees above zero. A Winnipeg despatch reports the temperature as having gone to zero there last night. In Victoria the flowers still bloom in the open air. Everybody should live west of the Rockies.

Badly Shocked.

Two telephone line men of Seattle got badly shaken up Monday by an electric shock from the street car overhead wire. A wire they were stringing got foul of the line car wire, knocking the men out. They had to lay off, but were not permanently injured, not having received the whole strength of the current. This is said to be the first accident from electric wires in Seattle for some time, there being a thorough system of inspection in vogue.

Mock Parliament.

It is the intention of several young men of the city to form a mock parliament and hold regular debates during the winter evenings. A preliminary meeting is to be held on Friday evening, the place to be designated later on, when arrangements will be perfected. It is proposed to discuss municipal and provincial questions chiefly, although Dominion politics will be touched on. Several able speakers have expressed a willingness to join, and it is believed every electoral district will be represented.

Had to be Killed.

A team of horses belonging to the Victoria Transfer Company became unmanageable on Yates street this afternoon, the neck-yoke of the express wagon to which they were attached becoming loosened. They ran up Yates street and collided with a team belonging to W. Taylor. The pole of the Transfer Company's wagon ran into the side of one of Taylor's horses. The animal could not have lived long, so Officer Walker put an end to his sufferings with his revolver.

A Darkened Clock Face.

For some nights past Redfern's clock has not shown to the midnight traveler the hour, as something has gone wrong with the electric light which illuminates the interior. It was the opinion of several that Mr. Redfern had become tired of furnishing the public with a free illuminated clock, but enquiry disclosed the fact that such is not the case. The fault lies with the electric light company, who have been asked by Mr. Redfern to fix the light, but who failed to do so. Repairs will be made soon, however, when the clock will again shine forth.

To Builders.

45 Johnson street is the place to buy your hardware.

Undyed Wool Flannel and Health Underwear

Our third year with these popular goods. Wm. Wilson & Co. *

Auction Sale of Furs.

Do not forget the sale of furs at auction on Wednesday 25th inst., at 57 Johnson street. Sale takes place at 2 p.m. 4t

Arrived O. K.

A fine stock of Razor Strops; a complete line of shaving materials, e.c. Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Table Cutlery direct from Sheffield, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Call and examine. *

Have You a Boy?

A golden opportunity is now offered to those having boys between the age of seven and twelve years. As an exceptionally fine range of boys sample suits in Scotch, English and Canadian tweeds, and from the fact that they are samples are particularly well made and neatly finished. One hundred suits to select from, ranging from $3 to $6.50, and are marked within a very small margin of the manufacturer's price. Samuel Reid, 122 Government street, between Yates and Johnson streets.

A New Restaurant.

Messrs. Vincent & Holbrook, both of whom have catered to the passengers on the C.P.N. Company's boats for a number of years, have opened an oyster and chop house at No. 42 Yates street. The new house is to be known as "The Globe," and although only opened yesterday the proprietors have already good prospects of doing a splendid business. Both men are good cooks and their long experience on the boats gives them an advantage in picking their help, so that they have a first-class staff of cooks and waiters employed. Business men who cannot wait an unreasonable time for their lunches can run into "The Globe," get on a stool, and have what they want cooked before their eyes. There are also a number of private boxes and tables where parties can go and get whatever they want.

A VERY HAPPY WEDDING.

The Jewish Synagogue the Scene—The First Hebraic Wedding for Some Time.

At half past one this afternoon Mr. Harry L. Salmon of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Frederika Blumenthal late of London, Eng. The scene of the wedding was the Jewish Synagogue, and the officiating rabbi was Dr. Philo.

The decorations of the Badlach were very pretty and had been prepared by Miss Louise Philo, assisted by Miss Bertha Franks. Here Dr. Philo took his place, and as the bride entered the building accompanied by her maids of honor, Mr. Salmon and his supporters rose and met the party near the steps of the Baldach, where the principals grouped themselves, the gentlemen to the right, the ladies to the left. The bride elect, in conventional bridal dress, was accompanied by her mother who wore heliotrope marvellue; the bridesmaids, Miss Clara Phillips, Miss Leah Phillips, Miss Louise Philo and Miss Bertha Franks were all in white; Mrs. Salmon, the mother of the groom, was dressed in fawn satin, Miss Salmon in Nile green satin; and Mrs. Aaronson in black velvet and old gold. The groom was supported by his brothers Messrs. Maurice and E. J. Salmon and Mr. M. H. Levy.

The service was opened by Dr. Philo in full rabbinical costume, who, in a few impressive remarks, spoke of the responsibilities which the young couple were about to assume, and to both he gave good advice. The marriage formalities of the Jewish church were then followed out, and the ceremony gone on with. After the ring had been placed on the bride's finger, both she and her affianced husband drank from the same glass, which was afterwards broken under the heel of the groom, this being part of the Jewish rite.

The bride, who looked charmingly, was, after the knot had been tied, saluted by her spouse, and both parties received the congratulations of a large number of friends who were present by invitation. The party then adjourned to the groom's residence, where bridal presents, which are both many and costly, were inspected, and a delicious repast enjoyed. The newly wedded pair will go to San Francisco for their wedding trip, and will be followed by the best wishes of all.

THE EVANGELISTS.

A Crowded Meeting Held by Messrs. Crossley and Hunter Last Night.

In spite of the fact that Mondays are generally considered a quiet time in such meetings, the gathering last evening in the First Presbyterian Church was a very large one. Long before the service commenced all seats were filled and chairs had to be brought in to accommodate the crowds who came to listen. The platform was occupied by members of the various church choirs of the city, who led the singing in a very hearty manner.

Rev. J. H. White introduced the evangelists, stating in a few words the manner in which the financial arrangements were conducted.

Mr. Hunter then came forward and after prayer read the scripture lesson from John 1, 36, "Behold the Lamb of God." Commenting on the chapter he dwelt on the thought of finding the Messiah and then bringing others to Him. Speaking to both ministers and laymen, he said, "if we are to do any great work for God in bringing souls to Him we must consecrate our lives in earnest to that purpose. It is a strong personal sympathy that attracts, and when such is offered humanity will always respond to it. When the pulpits are on fire people will flock to see them burn. Let the Christians of this city go to work in deadly earnest and Pentecost will be repeated right in our midst."

A number of requests for prayer had been sent in, and these were then read out and earnestly considered.

Mr. Crossley's address was based on the miracle of the loaves and fishes, Luke, 9th chap. As on that occasion the disciples took bread and gave to the people needing it, so to-day it is the duty and privilege of everyone who has received of the Lord to break the bread of life to those who are hungering for it. We may think God might have sent angels to convert the world, but the way in which He designs to save sinners is for those who receive His salvation to go out and offer it to others, and when the importance of this is fully realized the world will be quickly brought to God. He offered them this simple salvation, and in response to the invitation numbers from the audience came forward to the inquiry meeting at the close. A deep interest was shown throughout the whole meeting and the commodious building promises to be far to small to accomodate those who will be anxious to attend during the coming meetings.

There will be a Bible reading this afternoon in the Y.M.C.A. rooms, conducted by the evangelists, and to-night Mr. Crossley will give one of his interesting "song sermons."

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

Mrs. Haynes and daughter have returned from a six months' trip to the East.

Ed. E. Keeley, editor and proprietor of the breezy and well written Seattle Dramatic Star, is in Victoria on a visit.

Benjamin Arnhold, of the Karluk Packing Co., is in the city on business connected with the extradition of the embezzling Chinaman Yung Yee Ting.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

The Godiva, one of the largest iron ships afloat, is loading wheat at Seattle.

A manganese bronze propeller is being built at Philadelphia for the steamer Victorian.

The speed wonder Flyer will be ready for her regular run on the Sound in about 10 days.

The Ship Titania has gone up to Vancouver to discharge her Mainland cargo. Pilot Babbington took her up.

Capt. C. J. Harris will have command of the sealer Mary Taylor next season, and Capt. R. Lavender will take charge of the Viva, Capt. Baker late of the latter vessel, going in command of the C. H. Tupper.

The British ship Amazon, 176 days from Antwerp and Shields, arrived at San Francisco on the 19th. Captain McLaren reports that at 1 a.m., July 6, while in latitude 44 north, longitude 9 west, the ship collided with a bark. The bowsprit of the bark carried away, the ship's port mizzen topgallant backstay, the rail on the quarter deck, the davit fall block, and tearing the crossjack sail. Captain McLaren hailed the bark and the word "Astoria" was shouted back. A bark of that name left on June 27 for Liverpool and arrived at her destination on Oct. 3.

Among the arrivals at foreign ports bulletined at the Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, on the 19th was that of the American ship Shenandoah at Havre, after a passage of 109 days. The news was received with satisfaction, as it meant a victory for a Maine built ship over two crack vessels flying the British flag. The race commenced on August 1, when there left that port the American ships Shenandoah and S. T. Carlton and the British ships Balkamah and Strathearn. The last named vessel was bound for Cork and the other three for Havre. The M. P. Grace left on the same date for New York. The Shenandoah carried 5000 tons of wheat, the largest cargo ever carried on one vessel. None of the others which sailed for Europe have arrived. The race was for $1000 a side, the winning ship to take all.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Finnan haddies just received at 33 Fort street.

People say the Dominion Hotel is the place for a 25 cent meal. Twenty-one meal tickets for $4.50.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

Cambridge sausages, beef sausages, pork pies, boiled corn beef and ham, at Whitelaw & Co.'s, 125 Fort street.

Try the "Best M. & M. Warranted" Razors. Guaranteed perfect. Sold only by McLennan & McFeely.

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists.

If you want a cheap suit of underclothing, Lion Clothing Store, 74 Yates street.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

A very cheap line of men and boys' suits, and the best dollar's worth of socks in the city at Macaulay & Higginbottm's, 74 Yates street.

Business College! Business College! Business College! 45 Government street. Ladies and gentlemen taught privately. Writing, book-keeping, shorthand, etc.

Simpson's Bon Ton Tailor Parlors, 86 Government street, Victoria. Dress suits a specialty.

A fine line of 1847 Roger Bros. quadruple plated silver ware, suitable for wedding gifts, at Weiler Bros.

There will be a meeting at the city hall to-night of the Board of Aldermen, who will discuss loan and other by-laws.

W. E. Bergman, medical electrician, has removed to more commodious premises, 76 Yates street, (upstairs, Moody's block.) where he has established electric baths, medicated baths, steam and vapor baths, and is able to treat his patients with massage and all kinds of electric, galvanic and magnetic appliances. The electric bath tubs are composed of soap stone, and the medicated bath tubs of porcelain, so as never to be infectious. References of patients already treated and benefitted in Victoria, will be cheerfully given. Terms moderate; consultation free. Hours: from 9 a.m. to 12 noon, from 2 to 6 p.m. and from 7 to 9 p.m. Sundays, from 9 a.m. to 12 noon. 76 Yates street, one door below Broad.

Keep the head cool, the feet warm and the bowels regular, and no disease can attack you. This is a celebrated German paysician's advice, and can be best accomplished by using Burdock Blood Bitters, the best regulator and purifier known. It cures all disorders of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

GO TO HEADQUARTERS

For the choicest lines of

FURNITURE.

Antique Oak Bedroom Furniture, Dining Tables, Sideboards, etc., Office Desks and Secretaries.

PRICES LOWER THAN THE LOWEST. IMMENSE STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

66 TO 68 GOVERNMENT STREET.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Latest Happenings Reported by Mail and Wire From the East.

The famous steamer Admiral is aground at Gaspe.

Mr. D. McLaren, of Ross, McLaren & Co., speaks glowingly of the lumber trade of British Columbia.

The Quebec Provincial health board has smallpox under control. There are now only 13 cases out of 124 to be dealt with. Of the total number of persons attacked 25 died and 85 recovered.

Jamaica has signed a parcel post convention with Canada to take effect immediately. The limit of weight on parcels to England, Newfoundland and Japan has been raised to seven pounds.

Diphtheria has become so prevalent in Toronto as to be almost of the nature of an epidemic. Every available cot in the general hospital is occupied by sufferers from that disease, and the health authorities have been compelled to open a temporary hospital for diphtheria patients.

A 16-year-old son of L. B. Cochrane and a 10-year-old son of E. Walton, merchants of Medicine Hat, whose ranches are just out of town, were caught in Friday's blizzard while looking for some cattle. Cochrane's body has been found frozen stiff, and young Walton is still missing.

The British Government has found it necessary to intervene between the Brazilian Government and Canadian shipowners to secure the delivery of cablegrams to Rio Janeiro affecting Canadian vessels in that port. Strong remonstrances have been made to the foreign office to that effect.

Dispatches from Drumbo, Ont., say that some deer hunters have just arrived from Muskoka, and bring news to the effect that a few days ago a farmer, whose dog had been killed by a member of another hunting party, shot the hunter through the arm, whereupon th latter, fired back, killing the farmer.

Navigation statistics for the season just closed show, compared with the season of 1890, a falling off in the shipment of cottle, the number of head being 104,309. The number of sheep was 31,765, but this does not include animals shipped to the United States from Canada. The shipment of cheese shows a falling off of 58,021 boxes, while butter shows an increase of 54,636 packages.

It is reported in Montreal that private advices have been received from Quebec stating that a serious disagreement has occurred between the Royal Commissioners; that Judges Davidson and Baby have agreed upon a report condemning Premier Mercier, but that Judge Jette, chairman of the Commission, dissents from this finding and will submit a report of his own. Should this report prove true it is likely to have important results.

Prof. Ramsey Wright, of Toronto University, who spent last winter in Berlin investigating the Koch remedy for tuberculosis, lectured on that subject on Saturday evening. He declares that, notwithstanding almost universal disrepute into which Koch and his cure have fallen, he still retained a high opinion of its efficiency or its possibilities. It was as yet by no means perfect, but unquestionably contained a remedial element.

Substantial Proof for the Doubting and Unbelieving!

HOPE HAD ALMOST FLED!

A Friend's Golden Advice Gives a New Existence!

From a private letter received from a lady residing in the flourishing city of St. Thomas, Ont., we make public the following paragraph: "You may say to the extremely nervous, who think their condition hopeless, that Paine's Celery Compound has done a wonderful work for me. For many years the twitchings of the muscles of my face and eyes were truly terrible; my hands shook, and my limbs trembled. I was so afflicted that for nearly two years I have been unable to appear on the street. The use of your Paine's Celery Compound has completely restored me to health and strength, and my condition has never been better. I will do what I can to make your priceless remedy known to my friends, because it has taken from me a heavy and awful burden. It was recommended to me by a dear friend who had used it with entire satisfaction."

This is by no means an isolated case. Proofs come in continually of wonderful cures wrought by Paine's Celery Compound. Doctors in every part of Canada know well how it cures, and prescribe it with confidence for all forms of nervousness. We say to our nervous, weak, broken-down and dyspeptic readers, try its effects and you will never regret the cost.

A Sea Voyage.

A sea voyage is an expensive and extensive prescription, especially when equally good results as regards health, are to be had by simply taking Burdock Blood Bitters according to directions. It is a specific for dyspepsia, cleanses the blood regulates the liver, bowels and kidneys and removes all impure matter from the system.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

NIP AND TUCK.

It was alleged that the above play was performed at the Victoria Theatre last evening. Those who have seen it played by actors say that had Messrs. Morris and Williams been absent there would have been no living people on the stage—the others were automatons, with the exception of the actress who took the part of Fanny Dashleigh. This lady was fairly good. The others had a movement about them both in voice and action which painfully reminded one of figures which had been half wound up. As given last night Nip and Tuck can hardly be called a success. A funeral would be almost as laughable and a masquerade as tragic.

NOT HIS WILLIAM.

But He Didn't Find It Out Until the Lad Was Spanked.

There were eighteen men and one small boy in the Indiana avenue car as it swung around Lake street on to State yesterday afternoon. As it turned on Madison street the ladies, most of them fatigued by chasing after spring dress bargains in the stores, began to file in, and one by one the men rose and gave up their seats, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. At Twelfth street there were twenty-six ladies, one large old gentleman and the small boy seated, while a row of able-bodied citizens developed their muscles by dangling from the ends of the straps.

The large old gentleman seemed to be watching the small boy, but the small boy was not watching the large old gentleman. He sat with his hands in his pockets, fidgeting upon his seat, and anon whistling in a penetrating undertone. As each lady got in he favored her with a penetrating stare, which performance caused the large old gentleman to scowl ominously.

At Eighteenth street two more ladies entered the car, and reached for straps. The old gentleman instantly rose, and with a courtly bow surrendered his seat to the first of the ladies. Then he looked around for a seat for the other, and suddenly his eye fell upon the small boy still seated and contentedly whistling softly to himself. A pained expression spread over the old gentleman's face, and a startled gaze quickened on the boy's features as a hand, a large, firm hand reached his arm and a pained voice said: "William, get up this instant and give your seat to the lady. Great goodness! That I should live to see a boy of mine sitting and whistling while a lady is standing! What will your poor old mother say when I tell her this? William, I am going to teach you here and now never to disgrace my name again."

The small boy listened open mouthed to the gentle tirade and ineffectually trying to wriggle out of that firm grasp now suddenly found himself elevated, face down, over a large, broad knee. He had just time to gasp: "I ain't no boy of yours," when there ensued what is described as one of the grandest and most symmetrical whackings ever administered in this or any other age. During the performance the small boy had repeated his original statement three times, in three different keys, and then he was set upon the floor.

The conductor, a man of deliberation, evidently, here thought it his duty to interfere.

"Here!" he said, "you shouldn't lick that boy if he's no relation to you."

"I never seen him before," whined the boy.

"What? What?" said the old gentleman; "does the young rascal deny his own father?"

Then he put on his glasses and his expression of astonishment was beautiful to see.

"Why, bless me," he exclaimed, "why, I thought it was my youngest boy, William. Dear me! I hope I haven't inconvenienced you, young sir; you'll excuse me, won't you?"

The 53rd drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace rooms on Tuesday evening, December 1st.

NOTICE.

THE 53rd DRAWING

For an Appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir Wm. Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Tuesday, the 1st December, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing. B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

N.B.—A few shares vacant, which can be taken up so as to participate. Victoria, B.C., Nov. 23, 1891.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

THE CANADA

Machinery and Supply Co.

BRANTFORD, ONT.

Engineers, Boiler-Makers and Machinists.

Dealers in New and Second-hand

MACHINERY AND MILL SUPPLIES.

Sold On

DR. A. R. BAKER,

DENTIST,

Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.

All anæsthetics carefully administered for painless extraction of teeth. Gold fillings preserved by means of latest electric appliances. Crown, bridge, and all artificial work a specialty.

Office 98 Yates street, over Cochrane & Munn's drug store. Hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

NEW JAPANESE GOODS

Just received

A large consignment, direct from Japan. The finest lot of Japanese goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST

CALL ON

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

He will be pleased to give you reliable information if you want to buy a home, a farm, or seek a good investment. A few of the many bargains he has to offer are:

1 Lot and 5-roomed Cottage, Russell street, Victoria West - - $1500
2 Lots on Harrison street, with 2 6-roomed Cottages, each - - 2000
1 Lot with 2 5-roomed Houses, on Johnson street, - - - - - 2200
($300 cash, balance on easy terms.)
2 fine Lots, Carbally road, - - 1700
(Easy terms.)
1 corner Lot, Esquimalt road, - - 575
5 Lots, Esquimalt road, opposite Mr. Pooley's, each - - - - 225
(One-third cash, balance in 18 months)
2 Lots, corner Edward and Russell streets, Victoria West, - - 1400
2 corner Lots, Niagara street, each 800
2 Lots, Niagara street, each - - 750
1 Lot, Rithet street, - - - - 1000
2 Lots, Menzies street, - - - 2000
2 corner Lots, South Turner street, 2200

Agent Union Fire Assurance Co., Of London, England.

Interest and Rents Collected. Conveyancing Carefully Attended to.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

51 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.

AUCTION SALES.

MESSRS. CHAS. GREEN & CO.

REAL ESTATE,

Furniture and General Auctioneers.

LIST OF FUTURE

AUCTIONS

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25, AT 11 A.M.
Valuable Furniture, Organs, Pianos, &c.
In the Mart, 46 Yates street. For particulars see to-day's Colonist.

SATURDAY, NOV. 28, AT 7:30 P.M.
OIL PAINTINGS, CHROMOS, WATER COLORS, ETC.,
In the sale rooms, 46 Yates street.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 2, AT 11 A.M.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BRIC-A-BRAC Ornamental Items, in the sale rooms, 46 Yates street.

SATURDAY, DEC. 5, AT 7:30 P.M.
CHINA, CROCKERY ORNAMENTS, ETC.
In the Mart, 46 Yates street. Best show of rooms in the city.

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, DEC. 8 & 9.
PAPERHANGINGS at the Mart.

FRIDAY & SATURDAY, DEC. 11 & 12, AT 7:30.
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
Fancy Goods, Albums, Books, etc., in the auction rooms, 46 Yates street.

MONDAY, DEC. 14, AT 2:30 P.M.
Special Christmas Auction of
400 LIVE TURKEYS
250 Geese, 200 Chickens, at our general sale rooms, 46 Yates street.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 16, AT 11.
CHOICE ASSORTMENT JAPANESE GOODS.

SATURDAY, DEC. 19, AT 7:30.
200 BOXES OF CIGARS. 200 PIPES.

Keep your eye upon this list, as it is always changing. Further sales can be arranged, and our sales rooms, the most central in the city, are always open for the receipt of all kinds of merchandise in large or small consignments.

CHAS. GREEN & CO.,
Auctioneers.

WAKEMAN'S WANDERINGS.

BRITISH GIPSY AND VAN DWELLERS

Efforts of the English Philanthropist George Smith, of Coalville, to Reach the Heathen Children of Gipsy and Other Vagabond Travelers from Misery and Degradation.

[Copyright, 1891, by Edgar L. Wakeman.]

CHICK, England, Nov. 9.—In my last article from this quaint, old English village, I gave a brief outline of the work of George Smith, of Coalville, in rescuing the children of the brickyards and canal boats of England from their former frightful condition of slavery, ignorance and misery.

The half of it all could not be fittingly told in an entire volume. But when the social history of England is written, this unfettered and furiously persistent philanthropist must stand as the greatest and most practical child saver of his time. After between twenty and thirty years of labor, through penury, scoffing and cruel discouragements, with a few later years of generally recognized eminence and national respect, this is the record as it now stands. Alone and unaided he has emancipated 30,000 brickyard boys and girls from a condition revolting beyond contemplation or description; and he has also, alone and unaided, rescued more than 40,000 canal boat children from a life of still more brutal slavery, inexpressible degradation, unnamable immorality and actual crime.

This has been accomplished, he believes, through divine aid, guidance and strength. But I find there has been in and through it all the most practical and sensible methods ever persistently utilized in any great philanthropic work. There have been no committees, bureaus, canting officials or titles. There have been simply the everlasting presentation and iteration of enormous human wrong with the most direct and effective way of righting that wrong going along with it. Possibly no man ever lived in England who has been so helped by the English press. The reason for this is that this George Smith, of Coalville, first finds a genuine evil to be abolished, but never clamors for its remedy until he has also found a practical, and in the end acceptable, method of applying that remedy.

His career is the best illustration I have ever come upon of the splendid willingness of the press of any country to hammer the proposed remedies of genuine philanthropists into the public's head and heart and compel adequate legislation to render them permanently effective. Besides, if this man cannot get all he wants for his cause, he takes all he can get, thanking God, the press, parliament and the people, meanwhile pushing right on for what he has failed to secure, and he never ceases labor and clamor until he gets it. All of which, as a policy, is worth considering by social philanthropists everywhere. It is particularly worth the thought of those well meaning but implacably impracticable people, the prohibitionists of our own very much irritated country.

The consistent and sequential character of his work has been remarkable. Scarcely had he succeeded in placing, on Jan. 1, 1872, 20,000 of the 30,000 brickyard little ones in the public schools than he began his crusades against the iniquities of child life in the 25,000 canal boats of England. As a boy slave in the English brickyards he had worked where the yards abutted the canals. His own eyes saw the horrors of their experiences and surroundings. In August, 1887, he had so thrilled England with his picturing of these outrages that parliament finally gave him all he had asked. The bill provided for the registration of all canal boats by the sanitary authorities, abolished the disease breeding and carrying character of these craft, limited their number of occupants, brought every boat under surveillance and inspection, placed three-fourths of the canal population in homes and brought every one of the little child beasts of the canals into the public schools.

Hardly had the practical workings of the enactments regarding the canal children become operative when George Smith, of Coalville, began storming parliament in behalf of another class of semisavage British children. In the long nights of his boyhood, when watching the burning brick kilns, he had not only seen the slavery of brickyard and canal children around him, but he had stored away gruesome memories of another host of miserable beings that skulked in the shadows about him. More lost than all were these, the half wild children of the gipsies and other tent and van dwellers of the English highways.

The first book he ever possessed—Oliver Goldsmith's "Natural History"—was stolen from him by these little foxes as he nodded by the kilns at night. They stole his clothing; they stole his scant food; they even stole the drinking water from his delft jug. For years these dreary nights were often ceaseless efforts to outwit the swarthy outcasts in their pilferings and wonderful devices to supply their own dire needs. But in later life he remembered only their houselessness, hopelessness and utter wretchedness. The brickyard and canal boat children once safe within humanizing influences, he began his last and most difficult struggle, that of molding public opinion to the point of securing laws which at one stroke should rescue the children of British gipsies and all British vagabond folk from their present squalor and wretchedness. Perhaps this is an impossible task. It is the present heroic work of this English philanthropist.

While our own country has for more than 100 years been depleting the ranks of English and Scottish gipsies, Mr. Smith estimates their present number to be about 100,000 souls. These are comprised in nearly 20,000 families. About 40 per cent. are of Scottish and the remainder of English descent. In my own judgment, based upon personal acquaintance with British gipsies in nearly every county and shire in England and Scotland, his estimate is far too small. I should unhesitatingly say there were more than twice that number.

However this may be, there are as many more humans who are not gipsies, standing in precisely their relation to the British public. These have, perhaps, intermarried with the real Romany, or, possessing no relationship of blood or marriage, have fully acquired the most objectionable traits and customs of British gipsy vagabondism. I use the expression "British gipsy vagabondism" because the average gipsy family among the thousands I personally know in our own country is no more like the average gipsy family of England than is the Americanized English, Scottish or Irish immigrant like the cringing, cowering and often squalid personality he left on the Liverpool, Greenock or Queenstown docks behind him.

Mr. Smith has no patience with sentimentalism over English gipsies. He is willing to admit that my tawny friends of the American roads and waysides, through their infinitely more favorable conditions, enjoy true gipsy prosperity and lead the Romany's genuine idyllic life. He simply sees the appalling degradation of the gipsy and van dwellers about him. It is the helpless, hopeless children of these he would save. He believes that it is a social crime that such menace to society should exist, and that society, represented by law should itself right that wrong. And it may be depended on that, as in the case of the brickyard and canal boat children, his clarion clamor will continue until Britain has rid herself of the plague spot. All his life he has studied their wanderings and ways, and since 1887 he has been almost constantly among them. I like his rugged, vigorous description of his rongh experiences with these outcasts, and feel sure that a few of them, in his own language, will be interesting to American readers:

"I have visited many fairs, feasts, races, forests, lanes and wigwams in different parts of England and Scotland, and have eaten and chatted with the tent and van dwellers, with the same sorrowful results confronting me. In many cases where parents attend fairs, feasts and races with cocoanut stalls and other initiatory gambling amusements, the children are sent early in the morning to pick up a living in all sorts of questionable ways, and up to 11 or 12 o'clock at night some of the children of both sexes, together with their mothers, are often kept hard at work brawling, banging and shouting with cocoanuts and balls in hand, while in many instances their fathers are drinking in the public houses, and as a reward for their hard day's toiling and trudging, Sunday and weekday, the poor children are sent supperless and unwashed to their bed. This is usually on some old rags under a street stall, in hail, rain, snow, frosts and fogs, and in fine weather with the gleaming moon and twinkling stars peeping through the torn apertures of their street curtains and gutter beds.

"I have seen these men, women and children drunk, 'all of a heap,' like so many dogs, while there were others, engaged in the vagabond's calling, ashamed of their position, who hung down their heads and hands and went with the tide and pellmell crowd down to ruin. In many instances I come upon parents with large families who have taken the wrong turning through their dislike of work, or the hardness of town life, and are now tramping the country lanes, towns and villages with carts, vans and donkey barrows, hawking, begging, lying, and I am afraid often stealing.

"Some time ago I visited with a friend Canning Town, and found scores of families of gipsies and other vagabond travelers living in a state that would shock the most filthy and degraded heathen. More than thirty children of school age clustered around us, not one of whom could tell a letter. In two small four roomed cottages, into which the gipsies and travelers had crept for a few months in the winter, there dwelt, or pigged, seventeen families of men, women and children. Others were squatting about in filthy wigwams, among the slush, filth, rags and straw.

"Among these folk, on the outskirts of London, in one wigwam I have seen a poor woman dying; in another a man who had taken to gipsying was gasping for breath; in another tent a woman was at 'death's door,' and at another abode of death, into which I had to creep on 'all fours,' there sat at the entrance, upon a brick in the mud, a poor lost, present day gipsy girl of seven years of age, but no heavier than a child of one year. Its legs were no thicker than drumsticks. It could neither stand, sing, speak, cry nor hear.

"At a 'crow pie' feast near Rugby I saw in five vans fifteen children, two of whom could only read and write a little. During the deep snow of the winter of 1887-8 I met with in the old Watling street, but a mile or two from our home here, nine men, women and children crouched together, whose only sleeping apartment was under an old donkey cart. The man had worked honorably and well in my neighborhood for two years. The work gave out, and he forsook his trade to follow hedge bottom creeping.

"At Daventry I found a traveling showman and his wife and their seven children. Their only home and stock and trade consisted of a few sticks, old rags, knives, whistles and a cracked drum. At a Northamptonshire fair I found ten vans and carts and between thirty and forty children, only one or two of whom had ever been inside either Sunday or day schools. In three old tumbledown carts, tied together by canvas, string, straps and pieces of rusty hoop iron, there were nineteen children and seven men and women.

"Moses Holland, one of my oldest gipsy friends, knows about 250 families in the midland counties, and thinks there will be an average of five children to each tent or van. In some tents he has seen as many as ten, and in other tents twelve; children. In his own tent his wife was ill and a dead child lay by her side, which Holland 'laid out' himself on a few rags and some litter.

"At Bromsgrove fair I counted over fifty van and covered cart homes, connected with which there were nearly 150 children. But six could read and write. In one van eight feet long, five broad and five high, there slept eleven men, women and children, whose night dresses were saturated wet clothes. Some time ago I visited a flower show at West Haddon and found in two vans and a tumbledown wagon eighteen children and seven men and women. Only two could read and write.

"On a recent Sunday in a Northamptonshire lane, near Buckley wharf, during a pouring rain I came upon eleven present day gipsies, six men and women and five children, whose home was a small rickety donkey cart, tied together with pieces of cord, and a small sheet full of holes, under which they crept at night.

"On the preceding Saturday night these gipsies were under this one rotten sheet for the night by the roadside near Weedon. A policeman told them to 'move on,' as on the following Sunday people would be going to church, and they would be an eyesore to all these good people. Driving the gipsies about the country with a policeman's truncheon and a 'move on' will not improve their condition. It can only be done by means of the sanitary officer's influence directly upon their homes, and by the schoolmaster's influence upon their heads and hearts. And if I live long enough this shall become a universal remedy for all manner of gipsy and other traveling vagabondism in England and Scotland."

These are the beings whom Mr. Smith has given the name of "Gipsy and Van Dwellers," and it is the 40,000 to 80,000 "Gipsy and Van Children" of these wretched, wandering vagabonds, whom he is endeavoring to rescue from their present condition of utter bestiality through the hoped for passage of his "Movable Dwellings Bill." The provisions of this bill, if carried out, would cause the registration of all gipsy and other traveling vans; bring each one under constant surveillance and sanitary inspection, the same as with the lodging houses of the great English cities; prevent the present horrible overcrowding of tents and vans, and, above all, bring every one of these outcast children compulsorily into the public schools, but wholly free of expense to their parents, by a system of free pass books for use wherever the gipsy family may be temporarily tarrying.

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

A Religious Discussion.

It is reported that a joint debate will soon occur between Dr. Driver and Prof. York, who is the exponent of the free thinkers' doctrine in Seattle. Dr. Driver is the man who met S. P. Putnam at the Victoria Theatre in this city, and is well known here. Prof. York is also not unknown as a speaker, and the debate will be an interesting one.

Catarrh is not a local but a constitutional disease, and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla to effect a cure.

A Double Effect.

DEAR SIRS,—I have used Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam for bronchitis and bad cough, with the best results, and can highly recommend it to all sufferers. Roscoe Pugsley, 250 Delaware Av., Toronto.

One hundred tons of wheat (from Mr Vernou's ranch and O'Neil & Co.) were shipped to the coast on Wednesday afternoon.

Children almost invariably suffer from catarrh at this season. Do not neglect it until perhaps consumption is developed, but apply Nasal Balm at once. It never fails to cure.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

Artistic linen and silk lamp shades at Weiler Bros, 51 to 55 Fort street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 3½ pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

$100
will be paid to the estate of any person meeting his or her death from falling while wearing
Grip or Anti-Slip
RUBBERS.
JAS. LEGGAT, Patentee, - Montreal.
tu-th-sat-au25-1m

J. L. FARWIG,
WORKING UPHOLSTERER
157 Douglas street, below Iron Church.
Mattresses, Lounges, Easy Chairs, etc., repaired at moderate prices. oct6-2m

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned up to Wednesday, the 2nd day of December next at 4 p.m., for lighting the Public Market building by electricity.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the Buildings Inspector.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Nov. 21, 1891. no23

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the City Clerk's office up to 4 p.m. on November 21st, 1891, for supplying 600 tons of cast iron pipe as follows:—

200 tons of 4-inch pipe.
150 tons of 6-inch pipe.
150 tons of 6-inch pipe.
100 tons of 8-inch pipe.

The above to be delivered on or before the first day of May, A.D. 1892.

By order,
GILBERT W. CLAYTON-EAST, Acting C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Oct. 22, 1891.

The time for receiving Tenders for the supply of the above Pipes has been extended to Wednesday, 25th, at 4 o'clock.

MUNICIPAL.

To Owners of Real Estate

To prevent any mistake, I beg to notify owners of real estate that the tax on same must be paid on or before

FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER

next to entitle them to the abatement of one-sixth, and also to vote at the next municipal election.

CHAS. KENT,
no13 Collector.

MUNICIPAL.

ANY HOUSEHOLDERS desiring to register their votes for the Municipal Elections under the 38th clause of the Municipalities Act, Subsection E, can do so by filling up the necessary declaration papers, which will be furnished at the City Hall, and returning the same to the undersigned any time on or before the 1st day of December, 1891.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT, Assessor.
Victoria, B.C., Oct. 31, 1891. oc31-td

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as tailors and gents' furnishers has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to George J. Cook by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Victoria this 17th day of November, 1891.

GEORGE J. COOK.
J. T. BURROWS
Witness: A. B. Fraser. nov21-3w

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED will receive tenders up to noon Saturday, 28th inst. for the erection of a four-story and basement brick hotel, facing Store street, for Mrs. Astrica.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.
no14

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

W. H. RAINBRIDGE, Secretary of the B.C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Works, the B.C. Agricultural Association, and the Victoria Jockey Club, has removed his offices to the JEWELL BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET. se19-tf

In the matter of James Blake, deceased intestate, and in the matter of the Official Administrator's Act, 1890.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, the undersigned William Monteith, have been appointed under an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, dated 5th November, 1891, administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of James Blake, deceased.

All parties indebted to the said estate are hereby notified to pay to me forthwith their said indebtedness, and those having claims there against are requested to present same to me within sixty days from this date.

Victoria, B.C., 5th November, 1891.
WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.
no6-30t

In the matter of Charles McCarthy, deceased, intestate, and in the matter of the Official Administrator's Act, 1890.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, the undersigned, William Monteith, have been appointed under an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, dated 4th Nov., 1891, Administrator of all and singular the goods chattels and credits of Chas. McCarthy, deceased.

All parties indebted to the said estate are hereby notified to pay to me, forthwith, their said indebtedness; and those having claims thereagainst are required to present same to me within sixty days from this date.

Victoria, B.C., 4th November, 1891.
WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.
no5

In the matter of Abel Beswick, deceased intestate, and in the matter of the Official Administrator's Act, 1890.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, the undersigned William Monteith, have been appointed under an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia dated 12th October, 1891, administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of Abel Beswick, deceased.

All parties indebted to the said estate are hereby notified to pay to me forthwith their said indebtedness, and those having claims there against are requested to present same to me within sixty days from this date.

Victoria, B.C., 12th October, 1891.
WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.
oct2-60t

SANDFORD JAMES MARTIN.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

PURSUANT to the "Trustees and Executors Act," notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having claims upon or against the estate of Sandford James Martin, general dry goods and hardware dealer of Victoria, are required to send particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned on or before the 15th December, 1891, after which date the Trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the Trustees shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice.

Dated this 22nd day of October, 1891.
THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Trustees, John Wilson Lawrence of Toronto, and Richard Edward Cooper of Victoria. oc22-4d

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for the purchase of the following described land, situated on Barclay Sound. Commencing at the southwest corner of Indian Reserve, Uchuclesit Harbor; following the shore line 20 chains southwesterly more or less; thence 15 chains west to shore line of Rainy Bay; thence 80 chains northwesterly along shore; thence 40 chains east to northeast corner of Indian Reserve; thence south 70 chains following Indian Reserve line to point of commencement. Containing about 400 acres, more or less.

GEO. A. COOPER.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 5, 1891. no6

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm
Victoria Dec' 11, 1890. dec12-f

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria, at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell intoxicating liquor at the Nickle Plate Saloon, Government street, to Thomas Garvin.

oc3-td ARTHUR FOX.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell wine, liquors and cigars by retail at the premises situate at the corner of Store and Cormorant streets, Victoria City, and know as the Caledonian saloon to Joseph Munier, Joseph H Brown and Henry Fee.

JOSEPH CARPENTER.
Dated September 30th, 1891.

NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

TAKE NOTICE that we intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court, to be held in and for the city of Victoria, for the transfer of the license for the sale of intoxicating liquors, etc., by retail on the premises known as the "Dunsmuir House," situate at No. 127 Government street in the city of Victoria, from J. Cook and W. W. Petrie to W. W. Petrie and W. R. Jackson.

Dated Victoria, B.C., this 9th day of November, 1891.

(Signed) J. COOK.
W. W. PETRIE.
no13-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria for a retail license to sell wines, liquors &c., by the bottle only on the premises situate at 61 Douglas street, Victoria, B. C.

CALIFORNIA WINE CO.
per C. F. Jackson,
nov18-tf Manager.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of our license to sell intoxicating liquor at the "Mirror" Saloon, Yates street, corner Broad, to James Munger and Alexander G. Black.

W. R. MUNGER.
no18-td JAMES MUNGER.

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS OF GARESCHE, GREEN & Co., Bankers, will be carried on without interruption by the Trustees of the Estate.

F. R. WORLOCK,
se21 J. R. CHANTRELL, Trustees.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL not be responsible for any debts contracted will sign my name authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.
Victoria, Sept. 1, 1891. se1-tf

FINE

CARPETING
FURNITURE
In Latest Styles.
Upholstery and Drapery work by our artists in that line.
CHENILLE CURTAINS
Window Shades and Cornice Poles in great variety.
WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St.

MORE NEW GOODS.
LADIES' AND GENTS'
CORK :: SOLED
Lace, Button and Elastic Side Boots
— AT —
ERSKINE'S BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM
122 Government Street, corner Johnson

I HAVE ON MY LIST
Several First-Class Residences
FOR SALE AT LESS THAN COST AND ON VERY EASY TERMS.
Any person desirous of purchasing a thoroughly well-built house, possessing all modern conveniences will make no mistake in calling upon me for full information.
Both as to price and terms I can suit you. These houses were not built for speculative purposes and are therefore well and substantially constructed.
C. G. BALLENTYNE
BROKER.
61 Government St., over Brown & White's Store

TO LET:
Two 7-room Dwellings.....$18 and $20 per month
FOR SALE:
Two Lots, corner North Park and Cook.....$2500
One Lot, corner Kingston and Menzies..... 2500
One Lot, Johnson street..... 2500
One Lot, Loxton avenue (James Bay)..... 800
MORROW, HOLLAND & CO.
44 BROAD STREET.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts
No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

FOR
HEATING OR COOKING
STOVES
CALL AT
McLennan & McFeely's
70 YATES STREET.

DR. R. L. FRASER
(Late Resident Physician, Howard Hospital, Philadelphia.)
Office:—32 Yates St., corner Douglas.
SPECIALTY.—Diseases of Women and Children. no19-1m

Ladies, Spare Your Strength!
STARTLING DISCOVERY!
Pendray's Soap
Saves Rubbing.

PENDRAY'S SOAP carries Sweetness and Light into Every Home.
PENDRAY'S SOAP puts an end to Washing Day Worries.

Clothes Preserved
Not Injured.
Pendray's Soap
Saves Rubbing.

FOR SALE
ON THE FRASER RIVER,
160 ACRES.
Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to
D. W. SUTHERLAND,
jy13-tf Mt. Lehman, B.C.

STORE TO LET
—IN—
FIVE SISTERS BLOCK, 36 FORT ST.
—APPLY TO—
THOS. C. SORBY, Architect, 6 Bastion Square. no21-7t

A COLORADO CAVE.

Peculiar Experience of a Party of Pleasure-Seekers.

The Cavern Swept by a Current of Air Which Tosses Men About Like Straws —An Old-Timer's Adventure.

There is a cave near Rockwood, a station on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, which has been visited by many persons living near, as well as by parties from Durango. No particular mention of the cave has been made, as it seemed to be little worthy of notice —nothing unique or striking.

On a recent Sunday a number of pleasure seekers left this city, says the Denver Sun, to join a party at Rockwood who had planned to visit the cave. About four o'clock in the afternoon the members of the party, having disposed of their dinner, began to climb the hill, near the top of which the mouth of the cave is located.

After much exertion the foremost of the party reached the mouth of the cave, and being in advance of his companions they were much startled to see him fall backward into the low oak brush as if he had been thrown from a catapult. His companions, pushing forward more vigorously, soon came to his rescue and found him recovering from his tumble, not much hurt, but slightly scratched and somewhat dazed. He could give no explanation of his sudden removal from the opening of the cavern.

Curious to know what the cause was, the entire company in a body pushed up the hill, which has a particularly steep descent near the mouth of the cave. To the astonishment of the whole number, the instant after stepping into the cave they found themselves all piled together in a spot near where the first had landed.

It took but a little while to recover from the entanglement, when they began to inquire the cause of this sudden excitement. They all agreed that they had seen nothing to cause such a thing, and they were curious to know the reason for the phenomenon. But how to find out what they wished was the thing to decide.

At last it was determined that the strongest gentleman of the party should gain a position at the side of the entrance, and, thus protected, get an opportunity to reconnoiter. So, taking a circuitous route and avoiding a position directly in front of the opening, they soon found themselves close beside the entrance. Cautiously putting his head out beyond the protecting wall the foremost peered in. His hat immediately took flight down the declivity, but he was thus made aware of the exact state of affairs.

The philosophy of the current of air in caves suddenly dawned upon him. As is well known, the air on a warm day in summer is much lighter on the outside of a cave or cellar than it is inside. Consequently, the cold, heavy air rushes out with great violence—enough in this case to cause the trouble spoken of and throw the party down the hill.

Later, relating this tale, an old timer told of a former adventure of his at the same place. On a cold day in the early winter he was tracking a deer along this hillside, when he was astonished to see the cave open up before him, and he noticed that the snow seemed to have been disturbed very recently, as though a body had been dragged into the entrance.

Without thinking he stepped forward to examine into the cause of the disturbed condition of the snow, when he felt himself violently pulled into the cave, the force pulling him from his feet. He felt a shock and for awhile was oblivious to all around him. When his senses returned he found he was lying by and partially upon the body of a deer. Upon examination he found the body of the deer yet warm.

This led to closer examination still. He at last determined that the force of the current of air blowing into the cave had drawn the deer in, killing it, but that when he was drawn in the shock was somewhat obviated by his striking the deer, thus saving him from death.

The explanation is just the reverse of the other, the air being warmer inside of the cave than out. The current flows into the cave during the winter, thus accounting for the strange affair.

HIERATICA.

It Is a New Writing Paper After a Very Old Fashion.

A new sort of writing paper—new principally because it is made after a very old pattern—is called "Hieratica." There are fashions in note paper, as there are fashions in everything else, and no doubt the fact that hieratica is made like the paper of the ancient priests will be an inducement for some women to use it. A few men follow these frivolous fashions. It is usually those of the weaker sex who pine for new note paper and envelopes.

It gives them an excuse, says the Pall Mall Budget, for writing to their dear but forgotten friends. Hieratica, which is of dull ivory color, has a beautiful writing surface, and looks very nice with whatever you affect to have printed on your note paper done in chocolate brown. I am told that in a large size it is much used by persons who do not preach extempore sermons. I should expect a sermon read from "the paper of the priests" to have a fine old orthodox flavor. It has one superlative merit, important to persons with small incomes—it is cheap.

Becoming a Bishop in England.

The investiture of a clergyman with the rank of bishop in England is attended by some curious survivals of medieval mummery. When the bishop of Peterborough was ordained recently he rapped his pastoral staff on the door of the church and waved his hand for the purpose of exorcising all evil spirits from the interior. Then when he entered the sacred edifice he was preceded by a chaplain bearing a crown, and marched up the broad aisle arrayed in an antique cape of white satin elaborately and ornately trimmed. On his head he wore a miter of white satin covered with red trimming of silk braid.

PRAYERS AND PANCAKES.

Troubles of the Pious Proprietor of a San Francisco Restaurant.

A Market street restaurant is noted equally for the piety of the proprietor and the beauty of the waiter girls, says the San Francisco Examiner. On the walls are neatly-framed texts from Scripture, which serve to keep the guests from getting lonesome while the star-eyed Venus is forgetting to order his ham and eggs turned over. You can spell the words backward and make interesting combinations of them until she comes back with broiled codfish and liver on the side.

The proprietor runs several such establishments in various states, and goes from one to the other on tours of inspection. A few days ago "his jags," as the giddy waitress refers to him, came to the Market street place. There he saw all his pretty waitresses serving hot cakes and codfish balls with their heads uncovered, and glorious bangs surmounting each like a coronet.

Now, everybody knows that a bang is a wicked invention of the enemy of souls, and the good man was shocked. He must have been shocked, for he said so, and he is a pious man.

This proprietor does not confine himself to helping his erring customers with Scripture on the wall; he has also the souls of his pretty waitresses on his mind. Every morning there is a prayer meeting held in the basement. The prayers are delivered at six thirty in the morning, so as not to interfere with the business of the breakfast hours. Some of the waitresses are frivolous, and would sooner devote the few minutes before work to giving an extra pat to their bangs or an extra twist to their immaculate aprons. To overcome this deplorable tendency the proprietor fines each one who fails to appear at prayer meeting fifteen cents. This has the desired effect, and there are very few delinquents.

The other morning, as usual, the girls went downstairs to prayers. Particular stress was laid in the exhortations on the evils of pride and vanity and the virtues of humility and obedience. This over, the girls were confronted with an array of white caps, about as becoming as a pair of overalls. These they were requested to don.

They hesitated rebelliously. One of the girls, whose bangs are the pride and envy of the shop, timidly put one of the horrid things on. She caught sight of herself in a looking-glass. Then she burst into tears, threw the cap on the floor and stamped on it.

The good man was much distressed. He had prayers over again, and stronger than ever did he draw the contrast between pride and humility. But the mirror preached four times as fervently as he did, and when he insisted the waitresses simply struck. They would not cover up their tresses for any man, they said, and they did not.

The proprietor reasoned, temporized and surrendered. The next day the customers noted a ring of triumph and defiance in the tones of the girls as they shouted to the cook:

"Three times on the hamneggs, flapjacks for two, liver and bacon, liver well done, and be quick—gentleman in a hurry."

SAM HOUSTON'S WARNING.

The Mystery Surrounding His Matrimonial Venture.

It is well known that immediately after his marriage to the beautiful daughter of a southern governor Sam Houston, of Texas, resigned the governorship of Tennessee, to which he had just been elected, and left the executive mansion for the wigwam of the old Cherokee chief who had reared him from infancy to young manhood. But the reason for his strange conduct has never been explained beyond his own simple announcement that his reasons for leaving his bride were no reflection upon her character. Only one man, writes Forrest Crissey in Chicago Times, had the hardihood to approach Houston for a more elaborate explanation of the mystery. He was Houston's most intimate friend during the former's wonderful Texas career.

In an ill-advised moment, when these inseparable companions were sitting at Houston's desk, the friend gave the governor a leading opportunity to give an account of that sealed chapter in his romantic life.

"What!" exclaimed Houston, drawing back into the stern, imperious manner which he assumed toward those who displeased him. "You, too, my friend! You, too, curious?" Then, with the dramatic force so natural to him, he lifted his finger in warning and with a countenance expressive of the keenest pain exclaimed: "Never again, my friend! never again!"

It was his last reference to the sad mystery of his youth.

Indian Coolies for Hawaii.

Now the labor question is troubling the people of the Sandwich islands. Hawaii wants cheaper labor, and lots of it. Joseph Marsden, a member of the Hawaiian legislature, has been investigating the labor market in China, India and the Philippine islands in the interest of the sugar planters of the island. He finds the coolies of lower India about the best and cheapest workers obtainable, and if the matter can be arranged with Great Britain a large number of these people are to be imported into Hawaii. There are thousands of these East Indian coolies in the British West Indies now, where they have been imported on terms of apprenticeship to the planters.

Fishing in Connecticut.

An enthusiastic fisherman in Connecticut enjoys the sport without sacrificany of his home comforts. His residence is on the Willimantic river. From a back window he has strung a wire aerges to the top of a tree. Just over a very good "fishing hole" he has blocked the wire, and with a carrier and a reel he slides his baited hook, sinker and line down the wire to the block. The contact releases the reel, and as it unwinds the baited hook drops into the water and "fishing" begins. Sitting at home he can feel the nibbles and bites, and a quick motion secures his prey and pulls it along the wire to the house.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound—C Cook, Chas Scott and wife, Mrs Dickins, Mrs Hunter, Mrs Stewart, Mrs Warren, Mrs Gabriel, G W Childs, J W Casing, Mrs Gaskell, Mrs Jones, Jno W Baker and wife, Mrs Johnson, Grace Johnson, Hattie Johnson, Frances Johnson, W H Clark, Francis Reese, A Brown, L Rothschild, G A Stricklyn, Wm Bradford, L Shepard, J B Connor, Geo Thomas, Miss Holmes, Jas Watson, H Richardson, James Ramage, G Angerstines, Miss Evans, Mrs McDonald, M L Rugg, Mrs Rose, R F Keeler, E F Boyd, Miss Jessie Reese, Mrs Roberts, J Belgardino, Mrs Wright, S Grody.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. City of Kingston, from the Sound—E G Prior & Co, A Shaw, J A T Caton, Simon Leiser, Newbegging, A R Johnson, L Dansneau, Lowe & Allice, Jno Walsh, Weiler Bros, Victoria L & Mfg Co, Close & Johnson, B J Baker.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, Adolph Neuman, A Phillips & Son, Boucherat & Co, Brackman & Ker, G Maynard, Braden & Stamford, Clarke & Pearson, A O Leask, McLellan & McFeely, Cowan & Wilson, Phillip Bros, D H Ross & Co, D E Campbell, E B Marvin, K G Prior & Co, Fred Norris, G A McCullock, Gam Fook Yuen, Hudson's Bay Co, H Bornstein, H Cooley, Hastie & Erskine, H J Brady & Co, Henry Saunders, J & A Clearihue, J Barnsley & Co, Jas Fisher, J Englehardt, J H Todd & Son, James Phillips, Kerr & Begg, Kwong Yuag Co, Lowe & Allice, L Dickinson, Lenz & Leiser, Matthews, Richards & Tye, Marvin & Tilton, McLachlan Bros, Perky & Hall, P McQuade & Son, Ramsay Bros, R T Williams, R Baker & Co, R Dunsmuir & Son, R H Jamieson, R Maynard, Aire & Co, S Gray, A P Company, S Leiser, Sue Wo Lung, Thos Earle, Semi-Hastie-Erskine Co, T W Fletcher, H Mansell, Weiler Bros, W G Cameron, Wing Chong, W J Pendray, Hall, Ross & Co, Yuen Chong, Yuen Lung, Wells Fargo & Co, B C Mail, H B M ships, Esquimalt.

A Severe Attack.

DEAR SIRS,—My children were taken ill with ulcerated sore throats bordering on diphtheria. I had nothing in the house but Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which I used with great benefit. I am sure if it had not been for it the disease would have developed into diphtheria. It is a splendid medicine. Mrs. E. Cameron, Moore's Falls, Ont.

Secretary Jackson Re-elected.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The Rt. Hon. Wm. L. Jackson, the newly appointed Chief Secretary for Ireland, was re elected to-day as member of Parliament.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Dandelion, and other valuable vegetable remedies, every ingredient being strictly pure, and the best of its kind it is possible to buy.

It is prepared by thoroughly competent pharmacists, in the most careful manner, by a peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process, giving to it curative power

Peculiar To Itself

It will cure, when in the power of medicine, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisoning, Cancerous and all other Humors, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all difficulties with the Liver and Kidneys.

It overcomes That Tired Feeling, Creates an Appetite, and gives mental, nerve, bodily, and digestive strength. The value of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is certified to by thousands of voluntary witnesses all over the country whom it has cured of diseases more or less severe. It is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

100 Doses One Dollar

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society

WILL HOLD THEIR

ANNUAL DINNER

AT THE

DELMONICO RESTAURANT,

AT 8:30 P.M.,

ON MONDAY, NOV. 30.

Tickets, $1, can be had from any of the members.

JNO. ROBERTSON, President. J. M. MURDOCK, Secretary.

no16-td

DANCING.

Mrs. Edward Dickinson having returned from San Francisco will re-open the Dancing Academy, Harmony Hall, View street, on 31st October instant.

CHILDREN'S CLASS.

Saturdays at 2:15 p.m., commencing Oct. 31st.

EVENING CLASS.

Saturdays at 8 p.m., commencing Nov. 7th.

Private classes formed. | Children taught fancy dances. oct28-1m

BURDOCK PILLS

SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES

D^r LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used on all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Bros street and Trounce Avenue. aug5

BULBS

For Planting NOW.

The sooner they are planted the better crop of flowers they will produce.

JUST RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

Send for Illustrated Catalogue of Bulbs, Trees, Shrubs, etc.

G. A. McTAVISH

FLORIST

9 PARK ROAD, - - - - VICTORIA.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY

(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE

15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

FIVE SISTERS BLOCK.

CHAMBERS IN THE UPPER FLOOR to be let singly or in suites. Steam heated throughout. Quick running elevator. Ready for occupation in December. Apply to THOS. C. SORBY, Architect. 8 Bastion Square. no21-7t

VICTORIA VINEGAR WORKS.

—NOW READY—

Tomato Catsup

Mushroom Catsup

Worcester Sauce

Flavoring Extracts.

OFFICE AND SAMPLE ROOMS:

MORROW, HOLLAND & CO., 30 BROAD STREET.

Works 127 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C

THORPE & CO.

HIGH-CLASS

ÆRATED WATER

MANUFACTURERS.

VICTORIA, TELEPHONE 435 P. O. BOX 175

VANCOUVER, TELEPHONE 181 P. O. BOX 505

nov6-1m

A. MAXWELL MUIR,

ARCHITECT,

Rooms 3 and 18, - - - - Turner Block. aug22

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED INTENDS MAKING application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situate in Goldstream District, V.I., commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Section 8, Goldstream District; thence N 80 E magnetic, along the south boundary of Section 8, eighty chains; thence S 4° E magnetic, forty chains; thence S 86° W magnetic, eighty chains; thence N 4° W magnetic, forty chains to the place of beginning. The above lines will conform to the system of survey in Goldstream District.

October 14, 1891. T. LUBBE. oct15-m-w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land on Rivers Inlet, commencing at a post marked "C." on the east bank of Inlet, about three miles below Mr. Heiresen's station, running east 20 chains; south 80 chains; west 20 chains; thence following meanderings of shore 80 chains to starting point.

PHILIP JACOBSON.

11th September, 1891. oct16-2m-w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described timber land in Renfrew District:—Commencing at a post about one and a quarter miles north from the beach, and one mile west of the Jordan River; thence north 40 chains; thence west 200 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 200 chains to post.

Dated Victoria, B.C., October 27th, 1891.

oc30-w-1m D. CARMODY & CO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 30 days after date we intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for lumbering purposes the following described tracts of land, situate in Alberni District, Vancouver Island, British Columbia:—

Commencing at a stake about 5 chains from Raymore Point and Raymore Creek, head of Great Central Lake; thence north 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 160 chains; thence south 60 chains; thence east 180 chains to post; containing 1000 acres, more or less.

Commencing at a stake on the south side of Great Central Lake, the northeast corner of Group No. 18 of D. Carmody & Co.'s advertisement of October 16th, 1891; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence east 100 chains; thence following meandering of lake to post; containing 300 acres, more or less.

Commencing at a stake on Taylor River about 5 miles west from Kiee Coot Lake; thence north 60 chains; thence west 200 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 140 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east 120 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence north 30 chains to post; containing 1600 acres, more or less.

Commencing at a stake about one mile from the southwest corner of the above mentioned tract, on an unknown river that empties into Clayoquot Sound; thence west 40 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 10 chains to post; containing 400 acres, more or less.

Commencing at a stake on the north side of Sproat Lake, about 5 miles from the beach, at an old lumber camp, about 30 chains from Group No. 15 of D. Carmody & Co.'s advertisement of October 16th, 1891; thence north 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east 20 chains to post; containing 80 acres, more or less.

Dated 28th October, 1891.

oc30-w-1m D. CARMODY & CO.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, B.C., for permission to purchase 160 acres of Crown land on the right bank of Skeena River, Coast district, commencing at a post on the river bank marked C. Todd S.W., near R. Cunningham & Son's upper stake, about 40 chains eastward from Kitlick Creek, and measuring 80 chains up the bank of Skeena River to a bluff rock bank; thence northerly 20 chains up the side hill; thence westwardly 80 chains; thence southerly 20 chains to the initial point.

CHARLES TODD.

Skeena River, B.C., Oct. 8, 1891. oc16-2m-w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend making application to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described pasture land, situated in Outer District:—Beginning at south west corner of James Shields', junior, claim; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south to boundary line between Sooke and Outer Districts; thence along said line to point of commencement.

oc15-2m-w JAMES SHIELDS, SENIOR.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to purchase 640 acres of land situated in Sooyoos division, Yale district, commencing at Indian Reserve post on south bank of Shingle Creek; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

THOMAS ELLIS.

Victoria, B.C., October 19, 1891. oc18-2m-w

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer,

32 Government street, Victoria.

DOCTOR MacGILLIS,

45 YATES STREET.

SPECIALIST: Skin, Kidney and Private Diseases. nov2-1m

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtained from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent.

dec30

Business Property For Sale.

The Corner Lot at intersection of Crescent and Cavan Street, Nanaimo, is offered for sale. On a portion of this lot is the two-story frame building now occupied by the undersigned as a General Store. This is one of the best, if not the best, business location in Nanaimo. No coal has been mined underneath, so the foundation is solid.

The business, with stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Safe, etc., is also for sale. For particulars apply to

A. G. HORNE, On the premises.

s11

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets,

VICTORIA B. C.

BELYEA & GREGORY,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

OFFICE:

White House Block, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. BOX 613.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

EDUCATIONAL.

MR. VICTOR AUSTIN

of San Francisco,

Will give Violin, Guitar and Mandolin lessons at the Conservatory of Music, 36 Douglas St., after the 5th of December. Applications can be made immediately at the Conservatory.

MR. FRANK B. FENWICK

F. S. Sc. London, Eng.; Organist and Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church, Vocal Teacher, Angelus College.

Will give lessons at pupils' residences.

VOICE CULTURE A SPECIALTY.

Piano, Theory, and Choral Training. Ladies and gentlemen carefully prepared for concert and oratorio. Fine materials for sale. Victoria.

MEN'S CORK-SOLE LACED and CONGRESS FROM $3.00 UP. SEE THESE GOODS.

CARMICHAEL & PATERSON
ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE
35 JOHNSON STREET - - - - VICTORIA.

RUBBER BOOTS
RUBBERS
NEW GOODS
NEW STYLES

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.
(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.
Dec. 30.

FOUNTAIN ADDITION.

PAGE & MacGREGOR
(SOLE AGENTS)

18--Trounce Avenue--18

FOUNTAIN ADDITION

Is close to the "Fountain" at the junction of Douglas and Government streets, and will shortly be within easy access of the Central Postoffice by means of the Douglas street car line extension.

ITS ADVANTAGES.

It is on the city water main and is no great distance from a good school. The property is all cleared and ready for building purposes; the streets are sixty feet wide and the lots are full sized, viz.:--60x120 ft. A new sidewalk has just been completed to the property and P. & M. will offer great inducements to anyone wishing to build.

OUR PRICES AND TERMS

Are from $325 to $650 a lot, payable 1 cash and the balance in six, twelve and eighteen months at eight per cent.

THE PLANS

Of the "Fountain Addition" can now be seen at our office, 18 Trounce Avenue. Call early and secure your lot as we only have a limited number for sale.

WEATHER REPORT.

VICTORIA, B.C., Nov. 24, 1891.
Corrected by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E.

Time	Ther'm'r	Bar.	W.	Remarks.
1 p.m	49	30.43	S S W	Cloudy
6 p.m	48	30.44	"	"
10 p.m	45	30.43	"	"
6 a.m	47	30.36	S W by W	Raining
1 p.m	46	30.27	E	"

Temperature—Highest, 49; lowest, 45.
Rain, 0.03 inches.

TIDE RECORD—VICTORIA HARBOR, B.C.
For 24 hours ending 1 p.m. Nov. 24, 1891.

Monday, Nov. 23.				Tuesday, Nov. 24.			
h.	Tide ft above datum	h.	Tide ft above datum.	h.	Tide ft above datum.	h.	Tide ft above datum.
1	7.42	8	5.25	1	3.16	8	5.50
2	7.00	9	4.92	2	2.92	9	6.25
3	6.50	10	4.66	3	2.75	10	6.92
4	6.00	11	4.16	4	2.75	11	7.08
5	5.92	12	3.75	5	3.08	12	7.16
6	5.75			6	3.75	1	7.16
7	5.50			7	4.75		

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

THE OAR.

McLean, of Westminster, and Chas. Stephenson have arrived in San Francisco, and the former is training for his race with Hanlan. Ned is trying to make a race with Peterson.

LACROSSE.

There was no quorum, so the semi-annual meeting of the Victoria Lacrosse Club called for last evening had to be postponed for a week. The past season has indeed been a discouraging one for lovers of lacrosse, as Victoria was not in the race for the pennant from the first till the last. The boys should shake the dust off of themselves and show the Mainlanders that they are not going to have it all their own way.

ATHLETICS.

THE CANADIAN TUG OF-WAR TEAM.

It looks a good deal as though two Scotch teams took part in the tug-of-war tournament in San Francisco. There was only one in the Canadian team who was not a man of kilts. Following are the names and measurements:

J J McKinnon, captain.

George Dupplissi, clerk, 40 years, 180 pounds, 5 feet 10 inches; Canada.

J A McDonald, stonecutter, 27 years, 216 pounds, 5 feet 6 inches; Prince Edward Island.

R J McDonald, plumber, 24 years, 190 pounds, 5 feet 5 inches, Prince Edward island.

D R Campbell, engineer, 27 years, 200 pounds, 6 feet 1 inch; Bruce county, Ont.

A E McNeill, carpenter, 43 years, 190 pounds, 6 feet; Cape Breton.

J A McLeod, carpenter, 24 years, 175 pounds, 5 feet 6 inches; Prince Edward Island.

J A McLennan, machinist, 22 years, 180 pounds, 6 feet; Cape Breton.

A D McKinnon, clerk, 26 years, 180 pounds, 5 feet 11 inches; Prince Edward Island.

William McDonald, blacksmith, 25 years, 200 pounds, 5 feet 5 inches; Nova Scotia.

George Fraser, ship carpenter, 37 years, 200 pounds, 5 feet 10 inches; Nova Scotia.

It is said this team would have won if it had been well handled.

Vessels from the North.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—The steamer Bertha, Capt. Anderson, arrived yesterday, ten days from Kodiak, with 16 white and 50 Chinese cannery hands and 16,277 cases of salmon. This about closes the season for the Alaska canneries. The whaling bark Sea Ranger, Capt. Marvin, has arrived, 18 days from Fox Island, in ballast. She did not catch a whale while out. The steam whaler Baluga, Capt. Wicks, also arrived 18 days from Fox Island with 100 barrels of oil and 2000 pounds of bone.

ROYAL COMMISSION COURT.

(Continued from page 3.)

Q—Is it not plain that they are an injury to the adjoining property? A—Well, the people who bought them took chances of that.

Q—The people who bought them are going to build, and in a short time the whole of that place will be built upon? A—I expect so. But I do not think it would be an improvement to have this property built upon at all. I think it would be a greater improvement if it was turned into a park. I would rather have it remain as it is until all the gravel is worked out, and then have it levelled and turned into a park.

R—Supposing the city council of the day concluded to sell this property, you would not have any park then? A—It would be very foolish of them to do it.

Samuel Thomas Styles, builder, was called, and said he had been a member of the City Council in 1886.

Q—Had you anything to do with the gravel pits? A—I opened one of the gravel pits in 1886.

Q—Which one was that? A—The one marked "deep gravel pit" in exhibit "D". It was reported to the council that there was no more gravel left in it; but I went up there with three or four men and finding that there was more gravel in it I instructed the foreman to open it.

Q—Have you any idea of the amount of gravel that has been taken out of that pit? A—No, I have not.

Q—Is there any reason to believe that the necessity for using gravel on the streets has been done away with? A—No, I think they require it more than ever now.

Q—Why? A—Because principally of the additions that we have to the city. Gravel makes an excellent road, but where there is any heavy traffic gravel is no good.

Mr. Richards, cross-examining, asked: Won't you find gravel in these hills round here anywhere? A—I do not think so.

Q—Take Cadboro Bay road and the Jubilee Hospital property, don't you think there is plenty of gravel there? A—I could not say. I have never prospected there.

Q—Do you know how much gravel is used now? A—I could not tell you that. They use a great deal, but I could not say how much.

Q—You haven't been in the council since 1889, do you know how much was used then? A—I could not remember even if I knew at the time.

Q—Do you think it is economy to keep $22,000 worth of property there simply to furnish gravel for the city? A—I don't know about that; I think the gravel is of great value to the city. The great question to my mind is whether the gravel is not a great deal more valuable than the land itself.

Mr. John Kinsman, contractor and builder, said the value of gravel was from $1.22 to $1.50 a load.

Q—Do you know anything about the city gravel pits? A—I have seen them, but have not been round them lately. I don't know whether there is any more gravel there or not, but I suppose there is.

Mr. Bodwell stated that this was all the evidence he proposed to submit on this point.

Mr. Bodwell, on the court suggesting that he had better give his whole case on this question, proceeded to call

Mr. James Raymur, the city auditor, who said the gross proceeds of the sale of the gravel pits were $23,235. There was spent by the city in grading and preparing the streets in this property prior to the sale $2134.66, including advertising, grading and surveying. After the sale it was stipulated that the purchasers should pay for the conveyancing. At any rate the city had not paid any so far. The net proceeds of the sale were $19,888.29, of which there has been received up to date, $10,531.48. This is deposited to the credit of the corporation in the bank general account. Witness had made a report to the City Council on the 7th of October. The total expenditure to the 30th September was $56,111.36.

Q—Was that spent out of the general revenue account of the city? A—All, after the 3rd September, is chargeable to the gravel pits. The pits had not been sold then. That sum had been spent up to the date of that report.

Q—This report gives to the 30th September. What is the total amount that has been spent up to the present? A—I couldn't say now.

Q—There was only one account kept for streets and bridges? A—Yes.

Q—Then when was the gravel pits account opened? A—Can't say. It would have been opened some time in October.

Q—You say it was opened before these charges against the city were delivered? A—Yes.

Q—How long? A—I could not exactly state.

Q—You only keep one cash book? A—Yes.

Q—Where? A—In the treasurer's office.

Q—And you don't keep a separate cash book yourself? A—No.

Q—How much have you charged since the by law came into effect? A—We have charged $13,883.69.

Q—You would not have charged that before the 12th October? A—That is charged in October.

The Court—You could not have opened your account until you had the money in hand.

Mr. Bodwell—I think the best thing for Mr. Raymur to do would be to give us the figures of how much has been spent since the 12th of October on streets and bridges.

Mr. Raymur—The November pay rolls have not yet come in. The pay roll in October amounted to $6,000.80.

Mr. Bodwell—There is in that pay roll an amount for steaming for $1680. It is reported that 17 out of 27 men working on street work have been ordered to be discharged; do you know anything about that? A—No, I don't.

Q—What is the ordinary rate of wages according to pay roll? A—The average rate is $2 to $2.50 per day.

Q—Would the pay roll show where men were working? A—No.

Q—There have been a great number of teams kept this year hauling water pipe? A—That has got nothing to do with street work.

Q—You are satisfied that all that is charged here is street work? A—Yes.

Q—Have you any special instructions to prevent the bank from holding this $20,000 in payment of the overdraft? A—No.

Q—The bank has a large overdraft, has it not? A—Well, not now; we have given them a note for it.

Q—What is the amount of the note? A—$200,000.

Q—In your report of the 30th October you estimate the shortage at the end of the year at $92,000. In that report you estimate among other receipts this $20,000 from the sale of the gravel pits? A—Yes.

Q—That report was adopted by the city council? A—I don't know what was done with it. I think it was referred to the finance committee.

Q—Who is chairman of that committee? A—Ald. Renouf.

Q—Can you make us up a statement which will show the amount expended on streets and bridges since the 12th October? A—I think so. It will be rather hard to divide up the pay roll on account of men being paid off in the month, so that the statement may not be correct within a few dollars.

The Court—I understand you to say that the sum mentioned as expended up to the 3rd September has been actually expended and paid? A—Yes.

The investigation is still proceeding.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

THE USEFUL TOAD.

By Loafing Around the Gas Lamps He Grows Fat and Haughty.

Of all the song birds of Pennsylvania there is none whose beauty attracts so little favorable attention as the golden plumed night warbler called the toad, says the Brockwayville (Pa.) Record. Yet he is a most entertaining creature if you take him in his way. He is far more useful than he is pretty, and, for that matter, in point of usefulness he is more of a success than in entertaining his hearers with his lugubrious music.

The toad has the same ardent love for a dinner of bugs and insects that a darky has for a hunk of watermelon or a small boy for a green apple. On this account many well-posted gardeners always turn into their gardens any stray toads that come hanging around the premises, and it is dead sure that the man who has a good crop of toads has a small crop of insects.

The toad looks like a slow creature, and in some things it is. But in his way when he is fishing for bugs or flies he has no flies on him. He has them in him before he is done. The best place to watch the interesting method of catching his dinner which the toad indulges in is under some of the open gas lamps about town. Bugs, moths and all sorts of insects come to the fire to have their wings singed. The singing properly done the insect falls to the ground.

Under nearly every lamp every night one or more toads loaf around. When the singed bug drops down the toad looks upon it as an invitation to rise up, Sandy, and get your meal. He hops a little closer, then, crawling as slyly as a cat, he sneaks up toward the square meal. When within about two inches he stops, winks once, gives his head a a little jerk, and the bug is gone to where it will do the most good.

The toad has a long tongue, and this tongue pops out and catches the luckless insect. Although the toad looks to be an awkward, indolent fellow, he is really one of the most interesting of nature's creatures, and a few minutes spent in watching him at his supper will be quite entertaining.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Olympian from the Sound—B Arnold, R M Collier, T Slipper, Miss Bryan, S Flint and wife, A Huffun, G Anderson, G Williams, Wm Pyle, J H Condon, W Sillman, P Smith, J McDonald, S Gordon, J R Cook, F S Millikan, W H Ellis, Mrs Henry, Mrs Baker, J H Mann, V Anderson, S Carlson, J Twigg, G Berry, F O Mickell, C Mackenzie, J Stills, Mrs Hall.

$6.00 FOR XMAS—Beautifully finished Cabinet Portraits at Hall and Lowe's, $6 per doz.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PREPARE FOR WINTER

WEATHER STRIPS
For doors and windows.

REPAIRS AND ALTERATIONS,
STORE AND OFFICE FITTING.

J. P. BURGESS
CARPENTER
n021 10 BROUGHTON STREET.

FURNITURE SALE.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
Will sell at Sale Rooms, Wharf St.

Thursday, Nov. 26, 1891
AT 11 A.M.

Comprising Single and Double Bedsteads, Mattresses, Chairs, Tables, Bureau, with glass back, Pictures, Crockery, Glassware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Stoves, Tinware, Blankets, Sheets, Pillows, Looking Glasses, Mirrors, Wardrobes, Clocks, Meat Safes. Also, on account of late John Kurtz, Counters and Show Cases.

At commencement of sale, one Horse, Harness, Wagon, Buggy, 2,500 lbs. of White Lead.
Terms cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

A. O. F.

A special meeting of Court Northern Light, 5937, is called for Thursday, the 26th, at 8 p.m. sharp, to receive report of committee and for election of officers.
By order, WM. NICHOLAS,
n23 Chief Ranger.

134 DOUGLAS ST.
HEAD QUARTERS FOR
TOYS & X'MAS GIFTS
AN IMMENSE STOCK
RUSSELL McDONALD & Co.

NORTH BRITISH MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMP'Y

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Messrs. TURNER, BEETON & CO. are authorized to collect all renewal premiums upon policies covering property on the Island of Vancouver, to issue policies, and generally to transact all necessary business in connection with the Company's agency.

THOMAS DAVIDSON,
oc29-1m Managing Director in Canada.

LITHOGRAPHY.

The VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH COMPANY (Limited) is now located on the corner of Yates and Government streets, and is prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, LABELS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, ETC., ETC.

Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST BARGAINS
—IN—
Real Estate
—GO TO—
FRANCIS BOURCHIER,
43 Government Street.
oct9

CLOSING OUT SALE
For 90 Days.

As space forbids we shall only quote a few lines:

5 Bales of Blankets open To-day.

White Blankets, $2.75.
A heavy white Blanket, size for double beds.
A still larger size, the largest Blanket in Victoria, $6.75.
A good heavy grey Blanket, $3.00.
Large size ditto, $4.00.
Bed Comforters, all prices.

DRESS GOODS.

11 pieces Snowflake Dress Goods, 14c. per yd.
13 pieces Stripe Dress Goods, 14c. per yd.
18 pieces Scotch Heather Mixtures; 25c. per yd.
21 pieces Habit Cloth Dress Goods, 20c.
26 pieces double width Amazon Cloths and French Serges and Foulais at 50c.
Splendid value in all wool French Merinos.
Lace Curtains, taped, from 50c. per pair.
Canton Flannels, 15 yds for $1.00.
46 pieces Heavy Grey Flannels, 17½c. per yd.
Men's Heavy Ribbed Cotton Vests and Pants, 25c.
Men's Heavy Wool Vests and Pants, 62½c.
Ladies' and Children's Heavy Wool Stockings, 25c. per pair.
1 case of our well known P.D style Corsets, 5 hooks long, from $1.25 per pair.

Argyle House
83 DOUGLAS ST.,
Clarence Hotel Block.

PARADISE FOUND!

LOOK IT UP DOWN AND ALL ROUND IT WILL BEAR INSPECTION.

FIR GROVE

ADJOINING
Mount Tolmie Park
LOTS AT $150.
Terms to suit all.
FRUIT TREES THROWN IN.

Dalby & Claxton
AGENTS.